HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
HUBBUCK'S WHITE LEAD COLOUR and HUBBUCK'S VARNISHES.
HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PINNACLE AND COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES properly packed for exportation.
Be ware of counterfeits of Name and Trade Mark.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 29,071—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1893.

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats and Dak Companies, Places of Interest along the Coast. Postal and Telegraphic Information, the Routes between the Principal Towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.,
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1893. Friday.
B.I. SUTLEJ	4139	800	W. D.G. Worcester	2nd June.
,, ASSAM	3000	500	T. F. Creery	9th ,,
B.I. ORIENTAL	5015	800	S. H. Moule	16th ,,
,, SIAM	3000	500	H. T. Weigholl	23rd ,,
B.I. SHANNON	4139	800	E. Crewe	30th ,,
,, ASSAM	3000	500	T. F. Creery	7th July.
B.I. MASSILIA	6918	1000	C. Fraser	14th ,,
,, SIAM	3000	500	H. T. Weigholl	21st ,,
B.I. CARTHAGE	5013	1000	M. de Horne	28th ,,
,, ASSAM	3000	500	T. F. Creery	4th Aug.
B.I. PENINSULAR	5015	1200	A. C. Loggin	11th ,,

The Steamers marked B.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
The Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. & O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the Victoria Dock Wall at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only hand-packages will be received.

The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

Passage-tickets are issued to London *via* Japan and Vancouver.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo:—

14th June. 12th July.
28th June. 26th July.

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 23rd May, 1893.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
AMPHITRITE	B. Vidos	3,820	600	1st July 1893.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 225	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
MARIA VALERIE	A. Milla	4,269	360	9th June 1893.
THISBE	G. Costanzo	2,867	300	9th July ,,

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

RETURN TICKETS.

By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class	2nd Class.
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 960	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 625

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other routes.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
GISELA	F. Cossovich	4,253	350	21st June.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. AGLAIA to Madras and Calcutta.

For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c, apply to

O. von HOFFER,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 30, Church Gate Street, Bombay, June 1, 1893.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY TO NAPLES, GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA for BRINDISI and VENICE.
27th June, 25th July, and 23rd Aug.
BOMBAY TO HONGKONG, calling at SINGAPORE, 8th June.
For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BRANCHI,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House: Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, May 30, 1893.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.
BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR.

THE following STEAMER having ARRIVED from ZANZIBAR WILL SAIL as under:—

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail
SAFARI	Asthausen.	1,432	7th June.

Taking Cargo and Passengers for LAMU, MOMBASSA, Zanzibar, and all Eastern Ports of Africa up to Natal.
The Steamer is loading in Prince's Dock, G. Shed.
For Freight and Passage apply to

F. HEYER, Agent,
5, Bell Lane.
Bombay, 31st May, 1893.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
HISPANIA	3,380	S. Abroy	6th June.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.
The Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies Thirty Hours.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.
All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.
For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings: Bombay, May 4, 1893.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA.
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.
HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.
SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c. booked on terms of existing concessions.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS AND SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.
HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.
LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
FAVORABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing Berth according to individual requirements.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
HOTEL COUPONS available at over 1,200 Hotels.
SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Civil and Military Officers to Europe via China and America.
HEAVY BAGGAGE received and forwarded.
INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident secured. Insurance of Passengers' Baggage effected.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS OF CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.
INTEREST, PAY AND PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.
Handbook of information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Rampart Row.
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Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY Loss of Vigour, Exhausted Vitality Kidney Diseases, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by local absorption, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application.
The MARSTON REMEDY Co., 493, High Holborn, LONDON.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 1,168 tons, on the 7th June, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,552 tons, on the 4th June, at 11 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Bureh, in the foregoing order.

FOR KARACHI DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on the 3rd June, at 10 a.m.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "KHANDALLA," 2,040 tons, on the 8th June, at 2 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 2nd June, 1893. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge for Commission.
Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.
Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.
THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.
PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine insurance effected at the lowest rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.
KING, HAMILTON & Co., R. B. KING,
CALCUTTA. HYDERABAD.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at Livery on Commission Sale, Rs. 30 per month, including horse-keeper; Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; Double, Rs. 30. The Horse-Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every Class of Shoeing is done.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,
By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and Economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING, 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.
EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres:
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.
SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT or no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."
"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."
"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."
"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."

"A Simple Fact about" KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES. In all throughout the World, in any country that can be named, you will find them largely sold. There is absolutely no remedy that is so prompt in giving relief, so certain to cure, and yet the most delicate can take them.

UNRIVALLED REMEDY
UNRIVALLED REMEDY
UNRIVALLED REMEDY
UNRIVALLED REMEDY

"94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12,
"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of "Tracheotomy" (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive,) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucus, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, Sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

MEDICAL NOTE.
The above speaks for itself. From strict inquiry it appears that the benefit from using Keating's Cough Lozenges is understated. The operation was a specially severe one, and was performed by the specialist, Dr. H. T. Butlin, of St. Bartholomew's Hospital. Since the operation the only means of relief is the use of these Lozenges. So successful are they that one affords immediate benefit, although from the nature of the case the throat irritation is intense.

UNRIVALLED TESTIMONY:
Under date Sept 8th, 1891, Mr. Hill again writes:—"I should long since have been dead but for your Lozenges—they are worth their weight in gold." I will gladly see and tell anyone what a splendid cough remedy they are.
Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGH, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

CONTAMINATIONS
of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "Clarke's World-Famed Blood Mixture," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the cause from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the departure of English Mail, is Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" also, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army, Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 20 per year, free of postage. English Subscription, £1 1s per year, including postage.

NOTICES.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per Annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.
FIXED DEPOSITS received subject to 12, 6, or 3 months' notice, at rates to be learnt on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta, and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.
REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged, and Pay Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over. Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers. Cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.
GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.
REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted. Passages engaged on best terms possible, Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared, and orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

SORABJEE SHAPOORJEE BENGALLEE MEMORIAL FUND.
LADIES and GENTLEMEN desirous of Subscribing to the above Fund are requested to send in their SUBSCRIPTIONS to the Bank of Bombay or to the Honorary Treasurers, Messrs. N. M. Wadia, C.I.E., and Vundravandas Purseotumdass.
JAMES DOUGLAS,
SORABJEE FRAMJEE PATELL,
HURKISONDAS NAROTUMDAS,
DHARAMSI MORARJEE GOKALDASS,
DARASHA RUTTONJEE CHICHGUR,
Honorary Secretaries.

In the Matter of the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882, and The AGRA SAVINGS BANK, Ld.
NOTICE is hereby given (1) that on the Petition of a Creditor Resolution No. 5 of a Special General Meeting of The Agra Savings Bank, Limited, that the Bank be Wound-up voluntarily under the supervision of the Court, has been declared to be invalid by an order, dated 18th May 1893; (2) That Mr. W. E. HOWATSON has been appointed to be Provisional Official Liquidator of the Company by an order dated 19th May, 1893; (3) That all notices issued or advertised by the Company in pursuance of the said Resolution are hereby cancelled; (4) That the District Judge has directed a Meeting of the Creditors and Contributories of the abovenamed Company to be summoned, pursuant to the above Act, for the purpose of ascertaining their wishes as to (1) whether the Company shall be wound-up (a) by the Court or (b) voluntarily, under the supervision of the Court; and (2) as to the appointment of an Official Liquidator; and that such meeting will be held on the 10th day of August 1893, at 3 o'clock p.m., at the Mayo Hall, Allahabad, at which time and place all the Creditors and Contributories of the said Company are requested to attend. The said Judge has appointed Mr. R. Wall, I. C. S., retired, to act as Chairman of such Meeting.—Dated this 25th Day of May, 1893.
By Order of the Court,
W. E. HOWATSON,
Provisional Official Liquidator.

NOTICE.
I DO HEREBY give Notice that from the 1st June till the 1st July next, any Dogs found straying in the Streets or beyond the enclosures of the Houses of the owners of such Dogs, will be DESTROYED in accordance with the Provisions of Section CXVI of Act XIII of 1856.
R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.
Police Commissioner's Office: Bombay, 31st May, 1893.

EDUCATIONAL.

HOME EDUCATION.
A LADY, living in a Healthy Neighbourhood in Shropshire, wishes to meet with TWO LITTLE GIRLS to take entire charge of and to Educate under a Governess with her own two little Girls. Every care would be taken, and no pains spared to make them happy. Terms, including Board, Clothing, and Education £100. References exchanged. Mrs. HINE, the Forest, Westbury, Salop.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
A PAIR of High Pressure Condensing ENGINES, having 36 inches Cylinders, 4 feet Stroke, indicating 425 Horse Powers, of Messrs. Hick, Hargreaves and Co.'s make.
For Prices and other Particulars apply
મુળજી જેઠાની કું૦.
i. e., MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hard ware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.
FOR SALE.
SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived.
A fresh consignment, ex-Paul Revere,
Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.
હેપતુલા શેકઆદમની કું૦
i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

SECOND-HAND
PIANOFORTES,
Warranted Sound and in Perfect Condition,
Are FOR SALE at
THE BOMBAY PIANOFORTE DEPOT,
43, ESPLANADE ROAD & 1, ASH LANE.
For CASH or on the HIRE Purchase System.

		Rs.
I.	Ebonized Grand, by Broadwood	280
II.	Do. do. do.	380
III.	Rosewood Sympathetic Square	475
IV.	American Walnut Sympathetic Square, by Schiedmayer and Soehne	540
V.	Walnut Cottage Transposing Piano	500
VI.	Ebonized Cottage Piano	400

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

GENERAL FAMILY PENSION FUND.
(ESTABLISHED 1870.)
Accumulated Capital, in the hands of Government, over 22½ Lakhs.
FUNDS INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ONLY.
OPEN TO ALL CLASSES OF CHRISTIANS.
SUBSCRIPTIONS are received at all Government Treasuries, or in the case of Government Servants can be deducted from Salary Bills.
RATES as LOW as is consistent with perfect safety. NO ENTIRE FORFEITURE after Three Years' payments.
A regular Monthly Pension secured to mother, sister, wife, children, or other near relatives
For REPORT and RULES, etc., Apply to—
SYKES & Co.,
SECRETARIES,
1, GRANTS-LANE, CALCUTTA.

GRATEFUL! COMFORTING!!
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws, which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*See article of the Civil Service Gazette.*
Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE

THE "ST. JAMES'S BUDGET,"
A WEEKLY EDITION
OF THE
"ST. JAMES'S GAZETTE."
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION,
Including Postage.
Twelve Months..... Rs. 26
Six Months..... ,, 13-8
The "St. James's Budget" may be ordered at the above Rates from Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta, Messrs. THACKER and Co., Ld., Bombay; or Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.
The Paper will be posted from London direct to the Subscriber's Address.
If paid in England the Rates of Subscription, including Postage, is 2s. 2d. per quarter.
OFFICE:—Dorset Street, Whitefriar, London.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(In Pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

ECONOMY IN WHISKY.
TREACHER & Co., Limited, supply the following WHISKIES in Jars and 8-Gallon Casks:—

		In Jars.	In Casks of 8 Gallons.
Highland Malt	Per Gallon	Rs. 12 4	Rs. 12 0
Glenlivet	,,	,, 11 12	,, 11 8
Liqr. Glenlivet	,,	,, 15 12	,, 15 8

Jars are charged each:—
1 gallon.....Rs. 2 4
2 do. ..... ,, 3 0
4 do. ..... ,, 4 0
Casks 8 do. ..... ,, 3 8
which is refunded on Jar being returned free to their various Establishments.
Taps for above Rs. 5 each.

AGENTS FOR BECK'S PILSENER BEER,
TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

JUST LANDED, ALL
EX S.S. PENINSULAR NEW GOODS
"FOR THE RAINS,"
FANCY STRIPED | LIGHT WEIGHT FLANNELS. | THOROUGHLY SHRUNK
LOUNGE COAT & TROUSERS, Rs. 24
LOUNGE COAT VEST & TROUSERS, Rs. 30
ASQUITH, LORD, & WHITMORE,
TAILORS, BOMBAY.

TO SMOKERS.
TH. VAFIADIS & CO.'S
HIGH CLASS EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES AND TURKISH TOBACCO.
PURVEYORS IN CAIRO TO THE KHEDIVIAL FAMILY.
"ALWAYS FRESH AND RELIABLE."

CIGARETTES—
KHEDIVIAL, 50 in a tin box, cash Rs. 6-8-0 per 100.
EXTRA FINE, Grand Format, 100 in a tin box, cash Rs. 5 per 100.
RAMSES, 25 in a paper box, and 500 in a tin box, cash Rs. 4 per 100.
FLEUR D'ORIENT, 100 in a tin box, cash Rs. 3-8 per 100.
"NON PLUS ULTRA," 100 in a tin box, cash Rs. 3-0 per 100.
BEST EGYPTIAN, 100 in a paper box and 6 boxes in a tin box, cash Rs. 2-8 per 100.
TOBACCO,—YENEDJE in ¼ lb. tins, cash Rs. 6-0 per lb.
TURKISH, in ¼ lb. tins, cash Rs. 4-8 per lb.
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And I am now importing their FINEST BRANDS by EVERY Mail at the following rates:—
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SATURDAY AND MONDAY,
THE NEW BURLESQUE,
"THE NAUGHTY FORTY."

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

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THE AGENT is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (One-first), on WEDNESDAY, 14th instant, Tenders for the purchase of any number out of 9 lots of ASHES now lying at Byculla Loco. Depot and Parel Loco., Works, where the same may be viewed on application.

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The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 2nd June, 1893.

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BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AT THE ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the CORPORATION, called for MONDAY, the 5th June, 1893, at 2 P.M., Notices to the following effect will be moved:—

(1). By K. N. Kabaji, Esq., that the plans of the Fire Brigade Station in Hornby Road, Fort, be so far altered as to reduce the height of the building to not more than twenty-five feet; that the Commissioner be requested to instruct the Executive Engineer to prepare the necessary accommodation within this limit; and in the event of sufficient accommodation not being possible for all hands, a portion of the Brigade be accommodated in their present or other rented house.

(2). By G. W. Roughton, Esq., seconded by Harkisondas Narottundas, Esq., That a suitable address be presented by the Corporation through the proper channel to H. R. H. the DUKE OF YORK upon the occasion of his MARRIAGE with the PRINCESS MAY. 2. That a Committee be appointed to draw up such Address. 3. That the Standing Committee be requested to recommend the provision of such sum as may be necessary to procure a suitable Casket to contain the Address aforesaid.

(3). By A. G. Viegas, Esq., that the mortality returns of the City, being unsatisfactory, a Committee be appointed to suggest the best means of improving the same. The Committee to have the power of calling for Municipal persons and papers.

(4). By Dinsha E. Wacha, Esq. (1) That a Committee be appointed to investigate into the real truth as regards the intermittent and inadequate supply of water to different parts of the town during April and May. (2) That the Corporation regrets that the Statements B and C and the two Schedules attached to statement B, referred to in the 9th and 10th paragraphs of the Accountant-General's letter, being annexure to item No. 22 on the Agenda Paper, should have been omitted to be printed circulated among Councillors before the day of the monthly meeting. (3) That important papers from Government or public bodies or private persons, specially submitted to the Corporation for consideration and disposal, should on no account be omitted from circulation among Councillors on the score of expenditure only, of which the Corporation is the sole judge and arbiter. (4) That the Commissioner be requested to produce all the correspondence in connection with the tenders recently invited for the supply of Stoneware Pipes by the Drainage Engineer.

(5). By A. G. Viegas, Esq., that the Commissioner be requested to take immediate measures to prevent the flooding during the rains of the Bhuleshwar Road and the Bhoewala Lanes, and the Standing Committee be requested to provide for the necessary expenditure.

J. LEASK,
Acting Municipal Secretary.

Bombay; Municipal Corporation Office, 2nd June, 1893.

MARQUES DE MISA'S
PURE "GRAPE" BRANDY.

GUARANTEED PURE GRAPE SPIRIT ONLY.

MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER & Co., of 3a, New London Street, E. C., have the pleasure of announcing that the Marques de Misa has appointed them the Sole Bottling and Shipping Export Agents for his Excellency's PURE "GRAPE" SPANISH BRANDY. Messrs. C. P. & Co. can confidently recommend this Pure Grape Spirit as being far and away superior to many of the so-called Brands of Cognac now being shipped to India and other parts of the World. The Spirit being made simply and solely from Spanish Grapes is guaranteed to be absolutely pure, and should command the attention of every consumer of Cognac, and of those who prefer a pure, wholesome, and first class Grape Spirit. The price we are authorized to quote for this superior Spirit in Bombay is

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BRAIN PANACEA gives tone to the Nervous system in general, is unparalleled in effect, and certain in action in all cases of Nervous Debility, Prostration, &c., arising through whatever cause.

BRAIN PANACEA.—In cases of numbness and tickling sensation in the extremities, the Precursor of all diseases of the Spinal Cord, has proved always an infallible Remedy.

BRAIN PANACEA, if taken by those who have to work for long hours at night, and more particularly those who have to concentrate their thoughts, has always been found invaluable for keeping the ideas fresh and clear.

BRAIN PANACEA produces Sound and Refreshing Sleep after work, and is a sure prop to the over-worked and brings back the lost energy, vitality, and vigour in both Male and Female.

BRAIN PANACEA is used by Male and Female without regard to age in recuperating their lost health and worn-out constitution.

BRAIN PANACEA, if timely used, prevents Debility and waste, such as Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palsy, Softening of the Brain, Insanity, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Memory, &c.

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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

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ROSS AND CAMERON'S NATURAL HIGHLAND WHISKIES shipped in three qualities. The produce under the old natural system of distillation of finest selected Home-grown Barley and distilled within the Highlands of Scotland. Highlanders resident abroad should note.

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"LOCHGORM" in 1 Gallon "DEMIJOHNS," Rs. 15.
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The PUBLIC are CAUTIONED that packages of the genuine powder bear the autograph of THOMAS KEATING, Sold in Tins and Bottles only.

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Cures Glandular Swellings,
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter,
From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains
It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from any thing injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Translation of letter from Fiji.

The Letter of Jonathan to Mr. Dunsford

"My Friend.—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I love you very much to-day because of the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill, truly, because of my leg I could not plant yams, I could not go fishing, I could not eat or sleep; but now I am quite well again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Dunsford, give me one more bottle, as the month of bolis is near.

"Preparation Day (Saturday), Bua, Vanua Levu."

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"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European residents and the natives themselves break out in boils, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times I can conscientiously assert that I know of no better medicine than Clarke's Blood Mixture, which I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours. The enclosed letter from Jonathan, a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had been almost a cripple, and yet one of your large bottles completely set him up. In ordinary cases even a less quanantity will effect a cure. I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully.

"T. EDGCUMBE DUNSFORD,
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"21 June, 1892."

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P. A. CHURCHWARD,
Offg. Manager.

Bombay, 2nd January, 1893.

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED	£2,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	£250,000
UNCALLED CAPITAL	£1,750,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

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ADOLF VON ANDRE, Esq., (Messrs. Andre Mende & Co.)
ROBERT IVESON, Esq., (Messrs. Iveson & Co.)
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F. D. SASSOON, Esq., (late Messrs. David Sassoon, Sons, & Co.)
H. D. STEWART, Esq., (Messrs. Stewart, Thomson & Co.)

Head Office.....3, PRINCES STREET, E.C.

London Bankers.... { THE CAPITAL & COUNTIES BANK, Ld. THE BRITISH LINEN COMPANY, BANK.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received on the following terms:—
3 per Cent. per Annum for 3 Months.
3½ " " " 4 "
4 " " " 6 "
4½ " " " 8 or 9 Months.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened on terms which may be ascertained on application.

A. F. SIMPSON,
Agent.

Bombay Office: Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, December 1892.

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF PERSIA.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1889.)

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP	£1,000,000
(With power to increase to	£4,000,000)
RESERVE FUNDS	£100,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

WM. KESWICK, Esq., Chairman, (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.)
H. COKE, Esq., (Messrs. David Sassoon & Co.)
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London Office.....14, AUSTIN FRIARS, E.C.
Chief Office in Persia.....TEHERAN.
Branches at.....BUSHIRE, ISFAHAN, MESHED, SHIRAZ, AND TABRIZ.
Agencies at.....BAGDAD, BOMBAY, BUSREH, AND CALCUTTA.
London Bankers.....MESSRS. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE & Co.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received at 4½ per cent. per annum for twelve months Terms for longer periods can be ascertained on application.

A. F. SIMPSON,
Agent.

Bombay Office: Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Dec, 1892.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND	£ 100,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, KANDY AND MANDALAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

When the accrued interest for Six Months does not amount to Rs. 10, no interest is allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 Months at 4 Per Cent Per Annum.

For Shorter Periods at Rates to be learned on Application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

PARIS, 14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON, 52, Threadneedle St., E.C.
CAPITAL Frs. 75,000,000 (£3,000,000).

BRANCHES:—Lyons, Marseilles, Bordeaux, Havre, Nantes, Bombay, Calcutta, Shanghai, Hongkong, Melbourne, Sydney, San Francisco, Chicago, Tamatave, and Tananarive.

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Current Accounts are kept and interest allowed at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances above Rs. 5,000.

Deposit Accounts are opened for fix Periods at rates to be obtained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper and other Stocks cashed for Customers without charge if remitted Home through the Bank.

P. RENAULT,
Acting Manager.

Bombay, Rampart Row, 16.

HODGART'S
PATENT COMBINED LEVER AND HYDRAULIC PRESS
For Baling Cotton, Wool, Jute, Hemp, &c.

SOLE MAKERS,
FULLERTON, HODGART & BARCLAY, LD.,
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THESE PRESSES are the most economical in the Market; for Power, Ease, Cheapness of Working and Rapidity of Out-turn they are unequalled. They work silently and are more nearly automatic than any other, and are thus eminently suited for rough and unskilled handling. Prices, Specifications, and all particulars from the SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA

CHAS. BROWN & CO.,
11, FORBES STREET, BOMBAY.

INSURANCES.

THREE IMPORTANT ADVANTAGES
OFFERED BY THE
UNIVERSAL LIFE OFFICE.

SECURITY.—The Universal has a larger proportion of Funds to the Assurances in force than any other Life Office doing business in India.

LIBERALITY.—It declares larger Cash Bonuses than any other Company.

The Bonuses are paid annually, and can be taken in reduction of Premium, or added to the Sum Assured.

ECONOMY.—Policy-holders receive the full value of every Premium paid, the interest on the Society's Investments being sufficient to pay all expenses, including Dividend to Shareholders nearly twice over.

Risks accepted on First-Class Native Lives.
Claims settled immediately on Proof of Death.
Please apply to

Messrs. KING, KING & CO.,
Agents and Secretaries,
BOMBAY.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£3,000,000.

Absolute Security Funds now exceed ... £8,486,434
Funds invested in the best and safest Securities amount to £7,894,357

FIRE BRANCH.

POLICIES COVERING RISK on MERCHANDISE BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON and JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS and CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favorable Terms COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

Fire Premiam for 1875	£742,553
" 1880	£333,078
" 1885	£936,107
" 1891	£1,607,080

NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES.

LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.

POLICIES granted by the Undersigned without reference to head Office on APPROVED LIVES. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL EMPLOY have extra Premium returned. ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable at Fixed Periods on Adults and Children on very Favorable Terms.
LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 74 Per Cent.
REDUCTION to EUROPEAN RATES when Assured leave either Alexandria or Port Said.

ACCUMULATED LIFE AND ANNUITY FUNDS now amount to £4,546,577
TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS... £7,894,357

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1881	£4,573,220	1891	£7,894,357
1886	£3,672,041		
Increase of Funds in 10 years			£3,221,058

THOMAS H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
Hummum Street.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to nearly Seven and three quarter Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Acting Secretary.

N.B.—THE COMPANY'S INDIAN RATES HAVE BEEN RECENTLY REDUCED.

FIRE INSURANCE.

		Exclusive Reserve Fund.
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£	3,000,000
The GENERAL INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incl'g. RESERVE FUND.,	,,	3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M	6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,,	7,500,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,,	6,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., of 1877, CAPITAL	,,	2,500,000
The BALOISE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs	10,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl	3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,,	2,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., "INSULINDE," CAPITAL	,,	1,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incl'g. RESERVE FUND	£	3,000,000
The NEW SWISS-LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs	4,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl	3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,,	2,000,000
The NETHERLANDS-INDIA SEA & FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,,	2,250,000
The BAVARIAN LLOYD MARINE INSURANCE Co., Ld., CAPITAL	M	4,000,000

The FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED, who can offer all FACILITIES and most FAVOURABLE TERMS. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Agents.

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

I.
IF YOU WANT
The simplest and best form of investment policy which is issued by any company.

II.
IF YOU WANT
Term Assurance at the lowest possible rate, with an investment for your savings at compound interest.

III.
IF YOU WANT
Cheap Life Assurance while your children are young, and an endowment to yourself when they are grown up.

IV.
IF YOU WANT
The accumulation of Reserved profits without the risk of losing all you have paid by missing any payment.

V.
IF YOU WANT
Assurance with an unconditional policy which is sure to be paid without delay or trouble,

THEN YOU WANT
A NON-FORFEITING
"RESERVED DIVIDEND" POLICY
IN THE
SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
OF CANADA.

For information Apply to
ALF. H. ELLIS,
Manager for India, Bombay.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagement.

Annual Subscription in advance...Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas. 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort

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GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

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PACKAGES FROM EUROPE cleared through the Customs and despatched. To avoid delay, the Shippers should be instructed to send to us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

INSURANCES, Marine, Life, and Fire, effected with Offices of standing.

H.M. TROOPSHIPS.

Every assistance afforded to Officers proceeding to and from England.

LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

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THIS TRADE MARK
STAMPED ON THE SOLES.

JOSEPH DAWSON & SONS
REGISTERED TRADE MARK No 75390

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.
LATEST NOVELTIES
IN
STRAW HATS
SUNSHADES,
FLOWERS AND FEATHERS,
LACES AND TRIMMINGS,
DRESS MATERIALS:
BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT
TO SUFFERERS FROM NERVOUS EXHAUSTION.
PHOSPHORUS PILLS,
AS PREPARED BY
H. & T. KIRBY & Co., LD., LONDON.

COMPLETELY RESTORE PHYSICAL VIGOUR, MENTAL ACTIVITY, AND BUSINESS CAPACITY.

THEY CONTAIN THE PHOSPHORUS IN THE LUMINOUS STATE, THE ONLY CONDITION THAT IS SAFE AND CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION.

THE ONLY REALLY EFFECTUAL REMEDIES FOR ALL FORMS OF
WANT OF NERVE POWER,
ARISING FROM
OVERWORK, WORRY OR EXCESS.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS, No. 1.
Taken with great advantage as a direct nutrient to brain "nerve" tissue in all cases of Loss of Power, arising from Excessive Activity of the Nervous system. They contain the usual dose of unoxidized Phosphorus. Invaluable in Neuralgia, and cases of Extreme Exhaustion.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS, No. 3.
A valuable combination. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the organs, increases functional activity, and improves the condition of the whole system. Largely employed during the convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. An excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by residence in tropical climates.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS, No. 6.
Given with great advantage in all Neuralgic affections, and debilitating diseases. A powerful restorative. Especially useful in Loss of Power following Excesses.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILL, No. 9.
(Containing Phosphorus, Iron, Quinine and Strychnine).
This combination of Nerve Tonics has a very large application. It is most efficacious in all disorders characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of general health induced by dissipation and excesses of various kin

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	200	all	16 per. ct.	1,067½
Bank of Burma	60,000	100	all	12½ per. ct.	1,035
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	9 per. ct.	983
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	250	all	5¼ per. ct.	8⅞
Chartered Bank	60,000	250	all	7 per. ct.	430
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	61	£ 35
National Bank of India	40,000	625	412½	6 per. ct.	215xd

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rate.
Ahmedabad ...	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,497
Alliance	1,000	60	all	Rs. 25	515
Anglo-India	1,285		100	5	80
Bellasy S & W Co. Ltd. (Bahadurgarh)	571		all	9 per ct.	30
Bombay Union	900	1,000	1,000	30	600xd
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	375
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	...	360
Broach Jubilee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	600
Central India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 30	1,050
China Mills Co. Ltd.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	51)
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1,010
Commercial Mills	600	500	500	10 pr. ct.	730
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	Rs. 15	Rs. 15	635
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,	Rs. 40	415
Bural Mills Co., Ld.	5,808	100	100	50	440
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 15	405
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	600
Dunn	1,000	500	500	10 pr. ct.	600
Framjee Petit	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	510
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	695
Hutheesing Manufacturing Co.	1,000	250	250	12	195
Ibrahim Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	345x
Indian Manfg. Co.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	800x
Jacob Sassoon Manfg. Co.	750	1,000	1,000	30	799
Khatau	400	250	250	Nil	725
Kohinoor	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	530
Koorla	2,000	100	100	15 pr. ct.	180
Leopold	1,000	100	100	15	160
Lord Reay	640	1,000	1,000	35	550
Lakhmidas Khimji & Wpw.					
Maneckchowk	1,200	1,000	1,000	50	1,024½
Manchester United	350	1,000	1,000	500	2,500
Mahalaxmee	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	480
Mahomedbhoy & Shahabdeen Mills (Gunburgo)	2,400	500	500	15 pr. ct.	4,737
Mangoolal Goculdas	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,625
Maxagon	5,000	0	250	5	152½
Maharaja Mg. Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	70	1,020
Madura Mills	4,500	108	100	12 p. c.	101
Madura Mills	7,778	100	100	Nil.	par
Oriental	2,000	500	1,000	Nil.	150
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	440
Oriental Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	6,725	600	625	Rs. 15	440
Apollo	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,260
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	605
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	60	930
Samoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,400
Southern Manufg. Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	5	1,275
Sonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	900
Southern India Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	230
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	375	500	all	Rs. 100	520
Volkart			1,000	100	

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rate.
				guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock		£100	all	5 p.c.	2,407
B. B. & C. I. R.		£ 18		do.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rate.
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	270
Back Bay Boathouse	750	50	50	12	190
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	10	93
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100 no s
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,100
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	7,500	1,500	270	4,385
Do. New Issue.	500	375	225	67½	1090
Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	78xd
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	600	500	500	3 pr. ct.	631
Bombay Flour Mills	1,000	500	100	Rs. 25	365xd
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	600	600	5 pr. ct.	300
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,200	200	200	Rs. 14	150
Geyer & Co., Ld.	1,200	100	70	...	70 no s
Indian Guarantee Surety Bhr. Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	164
John Roberts & Co.	1,800	100	100	10 pr. ct.	122
Kamp & Co.	4,000	200	175	div 23½	314
Kurrachee Landing	300	500	300	30	193
Mahamtoo Iron Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	31
Marden & Co., Ld.	600	100	100	Rs. 10	95
Naylor Vetch & Co.	1,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	50
Naylor Foundry	1,000	100	100	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	200xd
Oriental Loan	6,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	6 pr. ct.	82
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	455
Prince of Wales Flour Mills	200	5 000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Rallis	2,500	100	100	...	13
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	55
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr. ct.	InLodn
	Pft. 1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	120
Thacker & Co.	2,000	500	all	60	905
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	86
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	...	18½ Exd

PRESS COMPANIES.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Yearly.	Rs.
Akbar	200	1,250	75	1,200
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	450
Albert Manufacturing Co.	200	500	18 pr. ct.	945
Apollo	200	100%	1,100	205
Bellasy	750	100%	90	340
Bhownagore City Press Co.	167	100%	Nil.	340
Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Co.	550	250	250	300
Bombay Saw-mill Co.	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10
Broach City Press Co., Ld.	600	200	200	120
Cama	600	200	all	16
Colaba	500	1,250	1,250	20
East India	350	1,000	1,000	45 dvd
English Press and Manufg.	400	250	...	130
Fort	515	2500	2,50	Rs. 35
French	300	500	all	105
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	500	500	50
Hirgoli Press Co., Ld.	750	400	all	60
Khangsum	240	450	450	20
Maharajmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	300	500	500	63
Mercantile	1,000	125	12½	7½ pr. ct.
Motooel Co.	2,125	400	400	Rs. 40
Munmar M.	1,000	200	all	Rs. 32
New Bezar	1,200	500	500	Rs. 55
New Indian	1,000	125	125	Rs. 1
Prince of Wales	100	500	500	Rs. 35
Sabapathy (Bellary)	800	500	75	20
Samoon	300	500	500	20
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	1,00	35
Sind	400	2,000	1,750	35
Scrab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	35
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	375	500	all	Rs. 100
Volkart			1,000	100

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs. 20-1	
China Leaf	" 23-14	Nominal.
Pekin, Bar Gold old	" 23-5	"
Do. do. new	" 23-3	"
Australia do.	" 23-14	
Bombay do.	" 23-14	
Sterling Sovereigns	" 10-4	
Do. Dragons	" 16-5	
Bar Silver 17 Beltcrosse	" 100-8	
Do. 17½ do.	" 100-11	
Carolus Dollars	" 226	Nominal
Mexican do.	" 223	"
Five-Francs	" 221	

AN American inventor, Mr. Noah S. Amstutz, has made another attempt to transmit photography by telegraph. The same promise was vainly made a few years ago by Mr. Minchin in London. The description of the apparatus, as given in *Paris-Photographie*, is rather lengthy, but its fundamental idea is plain enough. A copy of the negative is taken upon a gelatine film, and the film, as is known, offers an uneven surface; its plane areas correspond to the whites of the photo, while the darker parts of the latter appear more or less in relief. The film is accordingly fixed upon a cylinder, which is made to rotate by electricity at a speed of twenty revolutions in a minute. A thin needle touches its surface in such a way as to describe a helical line on the cylinder, and to touch in turn every spot of the surface of the photo. Each time the needle comes upon a relief it is lifted; and as it forms part of an electric circuit, the current is weakened by this movement. The current is transmitted in the usual way along a wire to the next station. There another cylinder, covered with paraffin wax, is made to rotate at exactly the same speed, and another needle, moved by the current, precisely imitates the movements of the first. It thus engraves on wax an exact reproduction of the gelatine film, which is next used for obtaining a typographic *cliche* in the usual way. The French photographic journal is cautious in its announcement, the new apparatus not yet having been submitted to the test of real experiment.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Anjuman-e-Elmi-e-Farsi Conversational Meeting, New High School, Fort, 5 p.m.

Aryan Social Union Lecture, People's Free Reading Room and Library, Fort, 6 p.m.

Music at the Esplanade Bandstand, 6 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Purulia (s), from Persian Gulf; and Lansdowne Tower (s), Cardiff.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday.—Kerbella (s), for Calcutta &c.; Sutlej (s), London; and Esplanade (s), Moulmein.

ARRIVAL OF A DEWAN.—Manibhai Jashbai, Dewan of Baroda, with ten followers, arrived in Bombay on Thursday, and has taken up his residence, at Pedder Road.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The String Band of the 5th Bombay Light Infantry will play at the Yacht Club at and after dinner, on Monday, the 5th instant, (weather permitting).

DEATH OF AN APOTHECARY.—The death is announced of Senior Apothecary A. A. D'Souza, late in sub-charge Station Hospital, Colaba, which took place yesterday morning at Colaba.

ROBBING A MENDICANT.—Kondia Ittoo, a mendicant, residing at Khetwady 6th Lane, reports to the police, that while he was lying asleep in a room with one Dyall, at Khetwady, Dyall removed from his person a silver anklet, valued at Rs. 65, and after fastening the door on the outside absconded. The police are searching for the accused.

ACCIDENT ON BOARD A SHIP.—Sheoval Oomerial and Pandoo Torpa, labourers, employed on board the *s. s. Idar*, whilst engaged in sweeping the deck over the bunker, accidentally fell into the hold, a depth of about fourteen feet, and both of them sustained injuries to their bodies. They were removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital.

LECTURE.—Under the auspices of the Parsee Marriage Association Mr. Kaikhoshru N. Kabraji will deliver a public address, entitled "A word to those not marrying," at the Framjee Cowaji Institute, tomorrow (Sunday), at 5 p.m. Parsi ladies and gentlemen are invited to attend. Mr. Framji Dinshaw Petit, the president of the association, will preside, and Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., has consented to be present.

FIRE AT DADAR.—On Thursday last, a fire broke out in the stables, belonging to Dr. Bhowanishanker Balkrishna, at Dadar Coombarwada. A telephonic message was immediately despatched to the Byculla fire brigade station, but before the arrival of the steamer, the fire was extinguished by some townspeople. The origin of the fire was attributed to a *dhotar* accidentally catching fire, while drying near the fire-place. The damage is estimated at about Rs. 40.

INFRINGEMENT OF THE ABKARI ACT.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, Sonoo Bhow, a labourer, was charged with bringing a bottle of country liquor, worth eight annas, from Coorla to Bombay, without a license from the Collector of Abkari. The accused was arrested on suspicion by an Abkari Inspector at Sion, and on examining his person a bottle of country liquor was found in his possession. The accused, in his defence, stated that he had brought the liquor for medical purposes. The Magistrate fined the accused Rs. 2.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—By the kind permission of officers of the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, the Band will play the following programme, at the Esplanade Bandstand, at 6 o'clock this (Saturday) evening (weather permitting):—

Quadrille.....	Pantomime..... C. Coote
Overture.....	Light Cavalry..... A. V. Suppe
Cavatina.....	Polinto (Martori)..... Donizetti
Waltz.....	Maid of the Mill..... Liddell
Reminiscences of Wales.....	F. Godfrey
Galop.....	Wouncetrunken..... Faust

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.—A match will be played on the Cooperage ground this evening between the Rovers and G Company team of the North Lancashire Regiment. The kick-off will be at 5 p.m. The following are the teams:—Rovers: Goal—A. R. Sharp. Backs—H. Watson and G. Walton. Half-backs—T. DeG. Derry. Capt. L. McFarlane, and J. Catchpole. Forwards—P. W. Wynn, J. W. Bedford, C. W. Lander, W. Ross, and F. Hogan. G Company: Goal—Corpl Treadwell. Backs—Lce.-Corpls. Potterand Walsh. Half-backs—Ptes. O.' Hara, Sweeney, and Lester. Forwards—Ptes. Reed, Roach, Turner, Carter, and Webster.

RASH AND NEGLIGENT DRIVING.—At the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, Bhiwa Govind was charged with driving his carriage, in a rash and negligent manner. On Thursday last, at about 6-30 p.m., the accused was driving his master's brougham, at Tardeo Road, at such a furious speed, that it knocked down two persons, named Dinkar Vasherwan and Vishnu Baloo, in a gutter. The carriage was immediately stopped by a policeman doing duty on the road. The accused said that the horse took fright and bolted. He was fined Rs. 5.

BRINGING HER BACK TO THE PATH OF VIRTUE.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, sentenced Keshow Luximon to nine months' rigorous imprisonment for seriously assaulting Dhondi, a Hindu widow. On the night of the 9th ultimo, the accused way-laid the prosecutrix as she was passing by the Stone Bunder, and the accused assaulted her very seriously. He alleged that she was in his employ and as such was in the habit of abusing her fidelity he assaulted her with the object of bringing her back to the path of virtue. The accused was arrested by the police, and Dhondi was detained in the hospital for more than a fortnight in consequence of the injuries inflicted upon her by the accused.

ANCHORING VESSELS IN FAIR-WAY.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Mr. Charles Bennet, Captain of the *s. s. Rendel* and Mr. H. Denyss, Chief Officer of the *s. s. Sidhu*, appeared before Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, to answer a charge of anchoring their vessels in the fair-way without a regulation light, contrary to Rule 42 of the Bombay Port Trust. Constable Mynn, who was in charge of this case, informed the Magistrate that the vessels were lying in the fair-way, and there was no regulation light on them early yesterday morning. The evidence showed that there was no light on the *s.s. Sidhu*, but there was a light on the *s.s. Rendel*, but it had got dim. The Magistrate warned and discharged Mr. Charles Bennet as there was a dim light on his vessel. The second accused was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50.

COMMITTED TO THE SESSIONS.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday before Mr. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, Moiden Cuderbhoy was placed on a charge of murdering one Karimbux Elahibux, on the 9th of April last, at Grant Road. The facts of the case as well as the evidence taken before the Coroner's Jury have already appeared in these columns. On the night of the 9th of April last the complainant was lying asleep under a tree, near a chawl, at Grant Road, when the accused came there and struck him a blow on the head with a stick, fracturing his skull. The complainant was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where he subsequently died from the effects of the wound. The Magistrate, after recording the evidence, framed the charges of murder and culpable homicide not amounting to murder against the accused, and committed him to the next Criminal Sessions.

GOA NEWS.—Senhor Pocas Falcao, President of the Government Council, has received a telegraphic reply from Senhor Raphael de Andrade, the new Governor General of Goa, that his Excellency will arrive at Aden, on the 15th instant, and may be expected to reach Goa about the end of this month.—The delimitation work between Sawant Wari and Goa has been completed by Lieutenant-Colonel Assa Castel Branco on the Portuguese side. The result is reported to have been satisfactory.—Mr. C. F. Henrique, who during the last general election was dismissed from the post of the Administrator of Bardez by Senhor Teixeira da Silva, is to be reinstated in his former place.—The few steam launches that ply between Pangim and Salsette are in a deplorable condition, causing serious inconvenience to passenger traffic.—The Administrator of Sanguem complains of the want of a public road to convey local produce to the railway station of Sanvordem. The Government whose duty it is to encourage local trade after the railway line has been laid, does not appear to appreciate the advantages of the necessary roads to connect the several villages with the railway line.—There have been strong showers of rain in several parts of the country, but it cannot be said whether the *pukka* monsoon has really burst.

"WE don't admit ladies," said the barmaid of the George Hotel, Stockport, to Mr. Ellison when he presented himself with his wife one night about the stroke of twelve. The announcement was embarrassing, for Mr. Ellison, who is the son of the Town Clerk of Glossop, had been visiting a newly-married couple in Stockport, whose establishment offered no means of accommodating the Moreover, at an earlier hour in the evening he had actually engaged a bedroom at the George, and, if his memory was not at fault, he had then and there given warning that when he returned he would be accompanied by his wife. On this latter point there was a dispute; but it did not appear to matter, for the rule of the George, under the circumstances, was, it seems, "no ladies." In vain did the unwelcome visitors repair to the police-station and return with a constable. There was nothing left for them but to tramp the streets till some time after two in the morning, when a good Samaritan was found to provide them with armchairs. It must be noted that in the matter of luggage Mr. and Mrs. Ellison had not even the suspicious brown paper parcel with which Mr. Jingle arrived at the Bull in Rochester. Probably if they had, the effect would not have been overpowering; but the landlord of the George, who has had to meet Mr. Ellison in the Stockport County Court, relied chiefly for his defence on the necessity which a respectably conducted hotel is under of being cautious in the matter of late visitors. In the end, the Judge gave a verdict for the rejected guests with five pounds damages and costs.

TO CURE SKIN DISEASES.—Sulpholine Lotions quickly drives away Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches Redness, Eczema, Acne, Disfigurements, Roughness and Scurf, &c., leaving a clear, spotless Skin and beautiful Complexion. Sulpholine is a necessity for the Skin, especially in hot climates. Made in London. Sold everywhere in one Shilling Bottles.

THE UNIVERSITY AND THE ENLARGED LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A few days ago a letter from Dr. Peterson appeared in the *Bombay Gazette* with reference to the proposed rules for the election by the University of an additional member of the Legislative Council. In this letter Dr. Peterson expresses the "greatest astonishment that the proposals include one for enabling the Fellows to vote in *absentia*," and he very confidently pronounces the use of voting papers to be "absolutely unconstitutional." He is of this opinion, because (he says) "the University cannot go outside of or against the Act of the Legislative Council of India, by which it was incorporated: and it is expressly provided in that Act (Section IX.) that "all questions coming before the University shall be decided at a meeting of the Senate by a majority of the members present."

The columns of a newspaper are hardly suitable for a legal discussion, but as the question raised by Dr. Peterson is of much importance to a large number of your readers who are interested in the forthcoming election, I may perhaps be pardoned if I suggest certain considerations, from which, I think, it will appear that Dr. Peterson is altogether wrong in the opinion, which he has so very positively expressed.

It is no doubt quite true that the 9th Section of the Act of Incorporation provides that "all questions which shall come before the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall be decided at a meeting of the Senate by the majority of the members present." But the point is whether the election of a "member for the University" is a "*question*" within the meaning of that clause. If it is not, then it is clear that in its procedure the Senate is not in any way controlled by the section, and may act quite independently of its provisions.

In construing a statute it is an elementary rule and one obviously essential to the just administration of the law that "a thing which is within the letter of a statute is not within the statute unless it be also within the meaning of the Legislature." (See Maxwell on Statutes.) As an illustration of the importance of this rule a high authority says: "If a literal meaning had been given to the laws which forbade a layman to take a bond on a priest and punished all who drew blood by bands on a priest in the street, the layman who wounded a priest with a weapon would not have fallen within the prohibition and the surgeon who bled a person in the street to save his life would have been liable to punishment."

How then shall we ascertain the true meaning of a statute? The authority I have already quoted says: "To arrive at the real meaning it is always necessary to take a broad general view of the Act so as to get an exact conception of its aim, scope, and object." He also tells us that "the words of a statute are to be understood in the sense, in which they best harmonize with the subject of the enactment and the object which the Legislature has in view," and he adds "it is an elementary rule that construction is to be made of all the parts together and not of one part only by itself." Those are not rules which can be said to be in any sense technical or artificial. They are rules which I think must commend themselves to all, even to Dr. Peterson himself, as rules of reason and of commonsense. With their assistance, it is not difficult to determine the operation and effect of the 9th Section of the Act of Incorporation.

Keeping then these rules in mind, look first at the preamble of the Act. The effect of a preamble was lately discussed in the House of Commons the other day in the course of the Home Rule debate. Lord Coke was cited as an authority. He laid down that the preamble of a statute was "a good mean to find out its meaning and, as it were, a key to open the understanding thereof." Another authority declares the preamble to be of use for the purpose "of keeping the words of the Act within their scope." What then is effect of the Act of Incorporation? It states the object of the University to be "the better encouragement of all classes in the pursuit of a regular and liberal course of education," and its functions to be those of "ascertaining by means of examination the persons who have acquired proficiency in different branches of literature, science, and art, and of rewarding them by academical degrees as evidence of their respective attainments and marks of honour proportioned thereunto," and it is, "*for the purpose aforesaid*" that the University is to be incorporated. That preamble is the key to the Act which follows, and it is with reference to it that the various sections are to be read and their terms construed. It is very manifest that those who framed the Act kept the preamble steadily in view, for there is not a single section in it which does not clearly show that they intended to deal exclusively with the constitution and administration of the University, as an institution established for the purposes declared in the preamble.

But according to the rule which I have cited we must not limit ourselves only to the preamble. We must look also at the other parts of the Act. We are not to read any section by itself. We are to construe each with the assistance of all. Applying this rule we shall find, I think, that there is no part of the Act which does not help us to ascertain the meaning of the word "question" in the 9th Section. Take, for example, the eighth Section, of which the ninth may almost be regarded as a part. It gives to the Senate the general superintendence of the University, and then goes on to specify in detail the various matters in which this superintending power is to be exercised, indicating throughout the nature of the "questions," which are intended by the Act to come before the Senate and which are to be decided in the manner prescribed in the following section. It is plain, I think, that the "questions" referred to are questions connected with the working of the University as established by the Act for the purposes declared in the preamble, and do not include matters not within the scope of the Act nor contemplated by it. It is to be observed, moreover, that there is no section in the Act, which prohibits the Senate from dealing with such other matters independently of its provisions.

Well, then, if the 9th Section does not apply, how does the case stand? By the Indian Council's Act, 1892 (clause 4 sec. I) the Governor-General-in-Council with the approval of the Secretary of State is empowered to make regulations as to the conditions under which nominations to the Legislative Council are to be made by the Governor of Bombay and to prescribe the manner in which such Regulations shall be carried into effect. In exercise of that power such regulations were duly made and approved and were notified in the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 17th March last. By these regulations it is provided "that the nominations shall be made by the Governor on the recommendation" not to certain bodies and associations, one of which is the Senate of the University. By the fourth clause, the Governor shall "cause the Senate" to be requested to recommend a person for nomination by the Governor," and by the 5th clause it is provided that the recommendation shall be made "by a majority of votes of the Senate." The Senate thus acts on a "request" with regard to its selection of a person to be recommended is not a right conferred upon it by any statute nor a duty imposed upon it. It is a privilege that is given, which the Senate may exercise or not as it pleases; a "request" which it may comply with or not as it thinks fit. It is a matter wholly outside the statutory functions of the Senate. No mode of election is prescribed by the regulations nor is any reference made to the 9th Section of the Act of Incorporation. Under these circumstances its seems to me that the Senate is at liberty to adopt any method, which may seem to it most desirable of selecting the person whom it shall recommend for nomination to the Council.

Not being a Professor I will not presume to speak with the absolute confidence of Dr. Peterson. I will only say that (as the lawyers put it) "in my opinion" the Senate may permit its members to vote in *absentia* by means of voting papers, and that there is no need for the Syndicate to withdraw the scheme, which it has framed. Whether my opinion or Dr. Peterson's is correct it rests with the authorities to decide.—Yours, &c.,

K.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

* Surg-Major and Mrs. H. Jervis, England.
* The Misses Chapman, England.
* Miss L. Adams, England.
* Captn McNeill, s.s. Lycia, England.
* Dr. M. Fagan, s.s. Lycia, England.
* Mr. F. Hoffman, England.
* Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Anderson, Nagpore.
* Miss Collins, Nagpore.
* Mr. F. T. Coode, Amraoti.
* Mr. W. Macdonald, Amraoti.
* Mr. E. P. Caspers, Calcutta.
* Mr. H. S. Woodward, Mandalay.
* Mr. G. Campbell, Mandalay.
* Col. and Mrs. A. Stead, N.-W. P.
* Mr. B. W. Blood, Ajmere.
* Mr. G. C. Gunning, Madras.
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* Col Stevenson, Ooty.
* Mr. H. Wilkinson, Cashmere.
* Captn Downing, Poona.
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Mr. R. P. W. Strong, Parel.
Mrs. K. S. Crole, Madras.
Mr. D. Jaffrey, Surat.
Mr. R. M. Middleton, do.
Mrs. B. Davies, Poona.
Mr. R. Shannon, Kholapur.
* Mrs. R. Sinclair, Kholapur.
* Mr. I. Sinclair, junior, Kholapur.
* Rev. and Mrs. J. Gillespie, Cumballa Hill
* Major Bell, Cumballa Hill.
Col. R. Atkins, Quetta.
Mr. G. Sigl, Bombay.
Mr. E. R. Jardine, do.
Mr. W. R. Browne, do.
Mr. H. Keichlee, do.
Mr. C. W. Carsons, do.
Mr. H. Corfield, do.
Mr. J. H. Robinson, do.
Mr. C. N. Hutchinson, do.
Mr. S. Kiddle, do.
Captn McCalmont, do.
Mr. T. Anderson, do.
R.I.M. do.
* Mr. A. E. Goll, do.
Mr. A. Brawn, do.

THE present Duchess of Devonshire is considered the luckiest woman in the world. To most women to be a duchess is an impossible dream, but this fortunate lady has twice had the strawberry-leaves on her brow—first as Duchess of Manchester and now of Devonshire—as she is chatelaine of Chatsworth and Hardwicke Hall, in Derbyshire; Halbier, Hall, in Lancashire; Bolton Hall, on the banks of the lovely Wharfe; Compton Place, Eastbourne; beautiful Tixmore Castle, County Waterford; and Devonshire House and Chiswick House, London; with a chateau in France, a villa on the Riviera, a daughter married to a man who bears three dukedoms, Hamilton, Brandon, and Chatelherault, and enormously rich into the bargain.

POLICE SEPOYS SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT FOR WRONGFUL ARREST.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case, in which Superintendent Browie charged Govind Ganoo, a peon, in the employ of the Bombay Port Trust, Ismael Dawood, a police ramosee, and two police sepoys Gaffar Rasoof and Bannider Sathyanarayan, with wrongfully restraining and confining Bhojia Dhondu and three others on the 10th ultimo. The facts of the case have already been reported.

The Magistrate, in delivering judgment, said that the accused were charged under Sections 341 and 342 of the Indian Penal Code with wrongfully restraining and confining Bhojia Dhondu and three others. The accused were further charged under Section 161 with being public servants, and taking gratification other than legal remuneration in respect of an official act. The witnesses for the prosecution testified to the fact of Bhojia and the others having been arrrested by the four accused, who kept them under restraint and confinement. Bhojia and his companions gave a sum of money to the accused in order to be released from custody, and in order that the accused should refrain from having them heavily fined or imprisoned. It was contended, on behalf of the accused, that as all the witnesses called for the prosecution admitted that at the time of giving the money to the accused they knew they were wrong in doing so as they knew the accused were public servants, and consequently their acts made them accomplices and on their evidence as such in the absence of the corroboration by independent testimony, the accused could not be convicted; and in support of this contention the case of Queen-Empress *vs.* Maganlal (14 Bombay Law Report, page 115) was cited. That case undoubtedly decided that when the evidence of accomplices was given on behalf of the prosecution there must be corroboration thereof to convict the accused, and it would appear also from that decision that all persons who subscribed to or collected the subscriptions were as much accomplices as those, who paid the money over to the accused persons, and this being the case with respect to the witnesses, who gave evidence on behalf of the prosecution, under the present charges, his Worship acquitted the accused of the charge laid against them under Section 161. It was further contended on the part of the defence that the charges against the accused were concocted owing to one of the accused having charged one of the principal witnesses in the case with the theft of a lantern, some five days after the occurrences in respect of which the accused are charged took place, and that it was only then that they saw fit to bring the present charges against the accused. Comments were also made on the absence of the evidence of the superior officers of the Municipality, before whom, it was alleged, the witnesses had laid a complaint against the accused having extorted money from them. It was also contended on behalf of the third accused that one of the witnesses had not recognised him at all. The magistrate thought that the witnesses gave their evidence in an earnest and straightforward way, and their testimony was not shaken at all in cross-examination, although they belonged to an ignorant class of men. After a careful consideration of the evidence, the magistrate came to the conclusion that the evidence was true, and it clearly proved the charges of restraint and confirmation laid against the accused under Sections 341 and 342 of the Indian Penal Code. The accused must be convicted under both the sections. The magistrate then convicted and sentenced each of the accused to one month's simple imprisonment under Section 341. The second, third, and fourth accused, being men, who were placed in a position to guard and protect people and their property, the magistrate sentenced each of them to undergo further imprisonment for six months, with hard labour, under Section 342; and the first accused was further sentenced to undergo four months' rigorous imprisonment under the same section.

THE BACTERIOLOGICAL SURVEY OF MADRAS.

UNDER instructions from the Government of India, a Conference was held in Madras on the 10th March last, writes the local *Mail*, to arrange for a programme of the Bacteriological Survey of the Madras Presidency. The members of the Conference were Mr. LeFanu, representing the Director of Land Records and Agriculture, absent on tour; Mr. C. Benson, Deputy Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Agricultural Branch; Veterinary Captain Severs, A.V.D., Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, and Veterinary Lieutenant Pease, A.V.D., Superintendent, Bacteriological Survey of India. The object of the Bacteriological Survey, as explained by Mr. Pease, is to obtain full and reliable information regarding the prevalence of the contagious and infectious maladies affecting cattle which are met with in India and Burma; the localities where the various diseases are most destructive; the causes which give rise to them and the circumstances influencing their spread; so that in the event of vaccines being discovered, to see whether there would be any prospect of applying vaccination as a preventive, or in

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MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY—Historical Statistical and Descriptive, contains valuable information, Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 3, with postage Rs. 3-4. For sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have been staying with my Family at the ALEXANDRA HOTEL for three days, and cannot help but saying that we received every attention both from the Proprietor and Servants, and leave it well satisfied that it is one of the best continental establishments of the kind in Bombay.—(Sd.) CHARLES DUKE, Captain.

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THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Stations.

PEARSE & Co's REDUCED PRICES of Stores. Revised List free on application. Brand's Essence of Beef, tin, Re. 1; Brand's Essence of Chicken, tin Re. 1-7; Liebig's Meat, As. 15; Bovril, As. 14.—Apollo Street, Bombay.

ST. PETER'S BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL, Mazagon, Bombay, will REOPEN on MONDAY, June 5th, 1893. Terms on application to the HEAD MASTER.

PRINTING PAPERS, manufactured specially for Indian Markets by Messrs. John Dickinson and Co., London.

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LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a SELECTION of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS, done in VERSE after the manner of various other Great Poets: by W. E. H. Price, Re. 1-8, postage Annas 4.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business. 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

CHILDREN'S BRONZE KID STRAP SHOES, Best quality; all sizes.—BADHAM, PILE and Co., Limited, Bombay.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates, apply SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

£1,766,842 NEW ASSURANCES were issued by the STANDARD in 1892, the LARGEST Record yet made by the Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

WATCH and MARINE CHRONOMETER REPAIRS.—Our Repair Department is in the hands of specially trained and experienced European Watch makers, a fact which has gained for the Company a world-wide reputation. Our prices are uniform and the lowest compatible with the best workmanship. We defy competition.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers and Watchmakers, Bombay and Poona.

THOUSANDS die by Snake-bites, but Thousands of Feverish Patients have been saved by BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Surgeon Major A. G. Jayakar, Civil Surgeon Muscat says:—"I have used Batliwala's Ague Mixture with success. Surgeon M. E. Reporter, 15th Regiment:—"I have found Batliwala's Ague Mixture very efficacious" &c., &c. G Greengrass Esq. Contractor Tanna W. Works:—"Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. R. Crissie, Esq in charge Tunnels, Golikara.—"I consider it a marvel. Mrs. Temple, Bellary:—It is a sure cure for malarious fever. P. J. Daly, Esq., Chief Guard, S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drops. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Parlvi, Bombay. May also be had of KEMP & Co: PHILLIPS & Co; and DANTRA & Co. at Rs 3.

WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 2 As. each. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

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DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure when the other Drugs have failed.

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CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, No. 7, MARINE STREET.

The lease of the EVES BOWER, at Boree Bunder, [illegible] Theatre, advertised FOR SALE this day, is POSTPONED, till TUESDAY, the 6th instant.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, June 2, 1893.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO.
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS.
OPTICIANS TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN INDIA.
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO
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Simple or combined cylinder, and bifocal lenses, can be cut to any formula, at our own Factory, in a few days.

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VIOLET NEUTRAL TINTED GLARE-GLASSES
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OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawings Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watchmakers have served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.
Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

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OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.

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IMPORTANT.—VENDORS & BUYERS of second-hand MACHINERY in working order will save time and trouble by registering their goods or inquiring at—

FRAMJI COWASJI,
ENGINEER AND AGENT FOR MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTION.
60, TAMARIND LANE, BOMBAY.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"
Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried
DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY. 1s. 1½d The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.
AGENTS WANTED.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
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Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

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The Representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, at Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instructions for Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

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CLASSES! CLASSES!!
BOMBAY and CALCUTTA SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING SESSIONS commence 1st July next. Separate Classes for Ladies. For particulars apply to the Typewriter Head-Quarters, 41, Dhurrumtollah Street, Calcutta, or 13, Hornby Row, Bombay.
THE BOMBAY TYPEWRITING Co.,
HEAD OFFICE.

STEEL BOILERS,
LANCASHIRE, CORNISH & VERTICAL TYPE.
NOW READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY—
30' by 7' by 110 lbs. working pressure. Also vertical boilers of 8, 10, and 12 H.P. Made at our work under inspection of Government Boiler Inspector, of extra quality, Siemens-Martin mild steel—welded flues; latest improvements in accordance with Manchester Steam Users' Association Specification.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS,
BYCULLA IRON WORKS, BOMBAY.

SWIFT AND FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
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MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY FOR 1893.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5, with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1893 contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the City in recent years.
While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY
Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office,
Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort

MRS. MARIE C. BOND,
DIPLOMAED MIDWIFE,
Duncan Road, opposite Treacher and Co., Byculla.
SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT in Gynæcological cases, Uteri diseases, Obstetrics, and all Diseases peculiar to Females.
Has had 19 years' practical experience in most intricate and difficult cases, all of which have been successfully treated.
Having in that branch of my professional duties, to which I have more especially devoted my attention, treated some hundreds of cases with the utmost success both in Obstetrics and Gynæcology in every feature of disease, I am in a position to confidently offer the public my services with a certainty of success in each ailment.
I am aware that I am indebted to numerous patients for their friendly wishes and recommendations to such I take this opportunity of tendering my thanks again, assuring them of my continued devotion to the interests of those who may favor me with their confidence.
☞ Strict privacy observed in all cases, and contracts for cure entered into.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT,
[By Kind Permission.]
I have much pleasure in certifying to the abilities of Mrs. Marie C. Bond, both as Nurse and Physician, who attended me in my late illness. She is clever and has unlimited knowledge in every branch of her calling. She has my suffrage for her well doing.
G. G.
Colaba, Bombay, the 7th October, 1892.
TO MOFUSSIL AND UP-COUNTRY PATIENTS.
Those who prefer writing, or who are compelled by distance to adopt that course; will do well to furnish in simple style every particular as to their complaint.
Mofussil and Up-country Patients can have consultation and advice gratis by letter. A FEE OF RS 1 ONLY is made to maintain establishment towards this end.
Postal Address—Mrs. MARIE C. BOND,
Duncan Road, Byculla.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Felbridge, 1336 tons, Commander J Cowie, sailed yesterday for Moulmein in ballast.

THE Steamer Skidby, 2,2421 tons, Commander J Strachan, cleared yesterday for Amsterdam, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Baroda, 2,021 tons, Commander L Doherr, cleared yesterday for Madras and Calcutta, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Bombay, 201 tons, Commander W E Bobertson, cleared yesterday for Antwerp, with a general cargo and Mr H C Howard as a passenger.

THE steamer Lansdowne Tower, 2,031 tons, Commander W B Tregerthen, arrived in harbour yesterday from Cardiff, 4th May, with a cargo of 3,861 tons coals and two deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Finlay Muir and Co.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Purulia, 972 tons, Commander T Gillet, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf, with a general cargo, 6 cases opium, and the following passengers—Mr and Miss Sladen and Mr Kirby. and 205 deck passengers.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—JUNE 2.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date Agent.
A	Sutlej	2138	Worcester	London	2-6 P & O Co
B	La Seyne	1179	Biano	Aden	9-6 A Simeon
E	Brahmani	2239	Baldoo	Bhownuggur	3-6 Shpd&Co
F	Baroda	2022	Doherr	Calcutta	3-6 J Mackintosh
G	Safari	891	Anathausen	Zanzibar	F Hoyer
H	Lalit	1246	Reed	Port Said	J Mackintosh
K	Nyanza	1421	Barton	Zanzibar	V Ebram
L	Mahanadi	647	Loyzar	Marmagoa	3-6 Shepherd &Co
N	Aldgate	2236	Theobald	Hamburgh	4-6 N Nixon&Co
P	Skidby	2421	Strachan	Hamburgh	3-6 K Nixon
Q	Blackheath	1674	Hall	Genoa	3-6 K Nixon &Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date Agent
2	Hispania	2313	Abrey	Liverpool	6-6 W&A Graham
3	Indra	2233	Burkhin	Dunkirk	3-6 K Nixon & Co
4	Bormida	1459	Amable	China	2-6 F Henschl
7	Lawriston sp.	2133	Latta	England	N F Graham
8	M. Valerie	2045	Motis	Trieste	9-6 A L S N Co
10	Paula	393	Pearman	Mauritius	4-6 H S Siddick
12	W. Hall	2104	Barkley	Dunkirk	E Bates & Co
13	M. Hall	2182	Buck	Genoa	5-6 E Bates & Co
15	Malacca	2380	Case	Shanghai	3-6 P & O Co
16	Bombay	2019	Robertson	Antwerp	3-6 J Mackintosh

ARRIVALS.

June.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
2	Purulia (s)	Gillot	Persian Gulf.
	L Tower (s)	Progerthen	Cardiff, May 4.

DEPARTURES.

June.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
2	Kerbella (s)	Walkeys	Calcutta, &c.
	Sutlej (s)	Worcester	London.
	Felbridge (s)	Cowie	Moulmein.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Schooner Venus, for Seychelles.
Steamer Bormida, for China, &c.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Baroda, for Madras and Calcutta.
" Skidby, Strachan, for Amsterdam.
" Bombay, Robertson, for Antwerp.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

Netherby Hall (s), 2139, Hood
Bombay (s), 2049, Robertson
Sidra (s), 2033, Humphries
Indra (s), 2233, Burkhin
Ramore Head (s), 2913, McCalmont
Skidby (s), 2421 Strachan
Wistow Hall (s), 2139 Barclay
Abigate (s), 2236, Cheshire
Canby (s), 1993, Lilley
Yarrowdale (s), 1906 Houston
Hispania (s), 2313, Abrey
Methley Hall (s), 2187, Buck
Idar (s), 2235 Hughes
Marie Valerie (s), 2779, Mitis
Kendal (s), 1330, Bennett
Laju (s) 1245, Reid
Lauriston, 2123, Latta
Bormida (s), 1488, Amadio
Lombardy (s), 1571, Cole
Malacca (s), 2816, Case
Malwa (s), 1894, Seymour
Nizam (s), 1615, Dias
Surat (s), 1977
LaSegna (s), 1151, Blanc
Paula, 284, Breymann
Felbridge (s), 1536, Cowie
Barcola (s), 1130, Johnson
Horsley Tower (s), 2078, Brunstrom
Queen of England, 590, Spencer. (For sale.)

GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.

H M S Assaye, Bradford
H M S Pigeon, Gunn
H M S Dalhousie, Black
R I M S Canning, Chandler
R I M S Elliot, Street
R I M S Elphinstone, Holland
R I M S Tonasserim, Hewett

CALCUTTA.
ARRIVALS.

May.			
29	Nubia s	Knox	Glasgow, April 12
	Mira s	Chandler	Liverpool, April 27.
	Coopo s	Coopo	Moulmein, May 21.
	Eridan s	Megro	Colombo, May 19.
	Rudesheimer s	Lintig	Hamburgh, April 31.
	Maharaja s	Craik	Rangoon, May 18.
	Lawada s	Jones	Bombay, May 12.

DEPARTURES.
May 29.—Steamers Warrora, Bhopal and Nerbudda.

MADRAS.
ARRIVALS.

May.			
31	Goorkha s		Calcutta.
	Patiala s		Rangoon.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Hispania s—42 bales wool, A Jaffer; 103 bales cotton, Sir Chas Forbes; 15 bales skins, W and H Graham; 3,100 cwts soft sugar, D Chhagoji; 31 bales wool, E Vussonjee; 9 bales wool, R Pritamdas; 9 bales wool, Chimandas; 10 bales wool, N Khatau; 43 cases condiments, H Munchjee and Son; 30 bales wool, M Jaitha; 40 bales wool, R Mooljee.

FOR HAMBURG.
Yarrowdale s—255 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co; 1,025 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 7,223 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros; 1,019 cwts myrabollams, O Martin and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.
Sidra s—100 bales hemp, N Jaffer; 150 bales cotton, Durst, Hosli and Co.
Bombay s—500 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.
Indra s—2,001 cwts linseed, Land Okell; 3,325 cwts rapeseed, K Nixon and Co; 1,440 cwts linseed, and 4,000 cwts poppyseed, R D Sassoon and Co; 200 cwts rapeseed, N Khatrao and 1,500 cwts linseed, F Fischer and Co; 4,000 cwts linseed, W and A Graham and Co.

FOR HAVRE.
Wistow Hall s—45 cwt gum, P Versey.

FOR GENOA.
Methley Hall s—603 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 2,000 cwt linseed, J Fachiri.
Idar s—2,000 bales cotton, Ralli Bross; 220 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 830 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 39 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.
Maria Valerie s—110 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 330 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR ODESSA.
Maria Valerie s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.
Mombassa s—200 bales cotton, R Luchmandas.
Khandalla s—247 bales cotton, R Luchmandas.

FOR HONGKONG.
Malacca s—30 bales tinsel, E Noordin and Co; 2,000 cwts onions, The Onion Co; 12 cases opium, P and O Co.
Bormida s—112 bales twist, Cowasji Brothers; 1000 bales twist, S J Savid & Co; 300 bales twist D Sassoon & Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.
Bormida s—50 bales twist, M Hurkchund; 79 bales twist, K Nixon and Co; 340 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co; 125 bales twist, National S and W Co; 8 bales piece-good, G T Mooljee.

FOR KOBE.
Malacca s—332 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 223 bales cotton, and 30 bales twist, Tata and Co; 150 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.
Malacca s—100 bales, cotton, Volkart Brothers; 229 bales cotton, J Hurjiwandas; 30 bales cotton, L Abercrombie and Co; 7½ cwts ivory and 45 cwts gum H H Joosub.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 30.
Von-Donop, Capt, Bombay, R A, off leave, from Matheran.

JUNE 2.
Baldwin, Capt, Bengal, 2nd Manch Regt, on leave, from Chakrata.
Currie, Capt, Bengal, P S to Lt-Govr, on furlough, from Calcutta.
Walton, Capt, Bombay Infy, on medical certificate, from Quetta.

DEPARTURE.—JUNE 2.
De Lisle, Capt. Bombay, 2nd Durham, L I, on leave, to England.
Radcliffe, Capt, Bengal, 14th Sikhs, on leave, to England.
Turner, Col, Bengal, 2nd Punjab Infy, on leave, to England.
Harrington, Lt, Bombay, Gloster Regt, on From to Staff Corps, Aden.
Chalmers: Lt. Bengal, 5th Regt, Hyd (Cont, on furlough, to England.
Baldwin, Capt, 2nd Manch Regt, on leave, to England.
Currie, Capt, Bengal, P S to Lt-Govr, on furlough, to England.
Carson, Surgn-Major, Bombay, I M S, on duty, to Aden.
Walton, Lt, Bombay, 4th Rifles, on medical certificate, to England.
Whyte, Capt, 17th Infy, off leave, to Bhuj.
Cassey, 2nd Lt, 1st North Wales, 17th Bombay Infy, on prom, to Staff Corps, to Bhuj.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUTENANT-COLONEL THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY, A.-D.-C.,
COMMANDING B. V. R.
Bombay, 3rd June.
BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1 Sergt.-Major Gosling will be at the Riding School every morning, Sundays excepted, whilst the weather continues fine.
2 Members wishing to purchase Tent-pegging spears and the old pattern saddles should apply to Sergt.-Major Gosling.
By order.
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Major,
and Adjutant, B. V. R.

CALENDAR—JUNE, 1893.

PHASES OF THE MOON.
Last Quarter ..... June 7th, 6h. 34'6m. p.m.
New Moon ..... " 14th, 10h, 42'4m. a.m.
First Quarter ..... " 21st, 7h. 23'7m. a.m.
Full Moon ..... " 29th, 11h. 16'6m. a.m.

Days.		Engagements, &c.	Sun-rise. H.	M.	Sun-set. H.	M.	High Water. H.	M.	Low Water. H.	M.
Sat.	3	Abduction of a European Girl, Girgaum Police Court. Willard Opera Company. English Mail expected per s. s. Assam. *	5	22	6	34	1 2	29m 29a	7 8	15m 38a
Sun.	4	1st Sunday after Trinity.	5	22	6	34	2 3	14m 10a	7 9	54m 33a
Mon.	5	Case against Mr. Heming, Girgaum Police Court. Municipal Corporation.	5	22	6	33	3 4	8m 55a	8 10	42m 22a
Tues.	6	.....	5	22	6	33	4 5	11m 45a	9 11	33m 34a
Wed.	7	Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.	5	22	6	33	5 5	21m 39a	11	2m
Thur.	8	.....	5	22	6	33	6	35m 39a	0	32m 27a
Fri.	9	.....	5	22	6	33				

* Left Aden on Monday, at 1 a.m.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, JUNE 1.
10 p.m. ..... 82·2

FRIDAY, JUNE 2.
5 a.m. ..... 81·9
10 a.m. ..... 92·7
2 p.m. ..... 87·3
4 p.m. ..... 86·7

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 2.

A FURTHER recovery of ⅜ per cent. took place in the price of Consols in London, yesterday, at 99⅜, but Indian Sterling Loan declined ½ per cent. to 108¾. Bar Silver was 1-16d. dearer, at 37¼d. per oz.; and 4 per cent. Rupee Securities advanced 9-16, say, to £63 11-16; while, in New York, the metal was ¼ cent higher, at 82⅜ cents per oz., with demand Exchange on London unaltered, at 4·89½ dollars. The Indian Council allotted 20 lakhs of extra Wire Transfers (of which Bombay got 17) to the three Presidencies yesterday, at 1s. 2 5/8d., and half a lakh of Bills on various places at the same rate, which was that of the regular allotments on Wednesday. The Exchange Banks buying rate in London, at 30 days' sight, remained at Wednesday's reduced quotations of 1s. 2 5-16d. The weekly shipment of Specie to India consisted of £150,000 in Silver, to this port. French Rentes in Paris were ½ per cent higher at 98½; Paris Exchange on London declined 1¼ centime to fcs. 25·26¼.

The Bank of England weekly returns issued in London yesterday showed an increase in the Banks' Reserve of 4 per cent since the previous Wednesday, making the Reserve stand at 42 per cent. of the Liabilities. The further large sum of £600,000 in Gold was paid into the Bank of England yesterday; and the increasing ease in the London Money Market, indicated by the advance in the Funds, is further shown by a reduction of the market rates of discount of 5/8 per cent. on short London Bills, and ½ per cent. on six months' sight on Indian Bank Paper, say, to 2¼ and 2⅞ per cent, respectively. The Bank rate remained at 4 per cent.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady last evening; Surats steady; and Arrivals quiet; the day's Sales having reached 14,000 bales, inclusive of 400 East Indians. The price of spot Mid-Americans remained at 4 3-16d. per lb.; and East Indian Cotton was unchanged in value; but American Arrivals were 1-32d. higher, the extreme quotations being 4 7-64d. for June-July deliveries, and 4 7-32d. for October-November. The day's Imports were 1,000 bales. The Manchester Market was hardening.

In New York yesterday the price of ready Mid-Uplands was unchanged at 7⅞ cents: and Futures, for September, were quoted at 7·60 cents, the last quotation for August having been 7·45 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 3,000 bales; and the total figures for the present season compare as follows with those in the two preceding years for the same period:—

	1893.	1892.	1891.
Thursday's Receipts ...	3,000	4,000	4,000
Five days' do. ...	22,000	29,000	26,000
Since 1st Sept., 1892....	4,841,000	6,904,000	6,761,000

A demand, chiefly from local spinners, has sprung up in this market to-day, and prices have advanced Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy, the feeling being steady at the rise. Exporters have bought 700 bales of Broach, at Rs. 211-14; and 200 each of Compta, at Rs. 196, and Mowa, at Rs. 195; while the Mills have bought 2,550 bales in all, made up of 1,500 Bhownugger, at Rs. 189-200; 300 Bhagalkote, at Rs. 169-72½; 200 Dharwar, at Rs. 195; 150 Bijapore, at Rs. 173; 100 each of Compta Ginned, at Rs. 194; and Dhulia, at Rs. 162; and 50 each of Wadwan, at Rs. 192½; and Untai, at Rs. 166½, per candy.

WHEAT has become steady in tone, and a moderate business has been done to-day by shippers. Quotations are unchanged with the exception of those for *Passy*, which are half-an-anna per cwt. higher, say:—

White Passy 91 per cent. .....Rs. 4-7-0 per cwt.
Do. 85 " ..... " 4-6-0 "

SEEDS also have been taken to a moderate extent for export in a steady market; but prices of *Linseed* are an anna per cwt. higher, while those for *Rapeseed* are half-an-anna lower, quotations this evening being as follows:—

Linseed..... Rs. 7-8-6 to Rs. 7-11-0 per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat. " 7-3-0 "
" " Cawnpore. " 6-13-0 " " 6-15-0 "
" Red " " 6-2-6 " " 6-4-6 "

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	8,304	bales.
Wheat	46,516	cwts.
Linseed	21,956	"
Rapeseed	22,578	"
Poppyseed	1,209	"
Groundnuts	1,012	"
Castorseed	4,720	"
Rice	2,899	"

FREIGHTS are dull. Business for July shipment, to Dunkirk, has been done, at 16s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE opened with a firm feeling at 1s. 2 5-8d. both for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and a moderate amount of the former medium of remittance was taken; and later on in the day we heard of Demand having been done, *for the mail*, as 1s. 2 21-32d.; and for three months' sight Credits we heard of a considerable amount of Bills being placed at 1s. 2 27-32d. for the mail; 1s. 2 13-16d. for all June; and 1s. 2 25-32d. for July delivery; and also some for later on at 1s. 2¾d.; for though sellers were inclined to operate more liberally for future delivery, we did not hear of any enquiry, and the market closed steady to firm as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand ...1s. 2 5/8d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic ...1s. 2 5/8d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight..1s. 2 11-16d.	"
Credits do. ...1s. 2 13-16 to 27-32d.	"
Francs do. ...1·55½ to 1·56	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been firm and advancing, and a rise of ⅝ to 7-16 per cent. has been established in the price of Paper, 105 3-16 for Money, and 105½ for Account having been obtained in the afternoon; but closing quotations were 1-16 per cent. higher, at 104¼ and 104 3-16, respectively, 4½ per Cents are still nominally quoted at par.

SHARES are still neglected on all lines; and in the absence of fresh business, quotations remain as before.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

JUNE 2.
STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.
GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, per

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE OAKS.

LONDON, JUNE 2.

The following is the result of the race for the Oaks :—

Ladurwick	1
Treasure	2
Cypria	3

THE ATTEMPT TO SHOOT MR. GLADSTONE.

THE PRISONER DECLARED TO BE INSANE.

The jury have found the man Townsend, who threatened to shoot Mr. Gladstone, to be insane, and he will therefore be detained in an asylum during her Majesty's pleasure.

THE MAHARAJAH OF KAPURTHALA.

The Maharajah of Kapurthala yesterday visited Mr. Gladstone and Lord Rosebery, and will dine with Lord Kimberley at the Queen's Birthday dinner to-morrow.

AFFAIRS IN UGANDA.

THE ARRANGEMENTS ONLY PROVISIONAL.

In the House of Commons, last night, Sir Edward Grey, in reply to a question, said that the Government had heard nothing from Sir Gerald Portal since his arrival at Uganda, and that anyhow the action he had taken was only provisional.

CHOLERA IN ASIATIC TURKEY.

Cholera has appeared at Bussorah and Amarah.

THE HOME RULE BILL IN COMMITTEE.

There are ninety amendments to Clause 3 of the Home Rule Bill, and the Radicals are urging that special measures be taken to curtail the debate.

Mr. Gladstone has agreed to insert words in the Clause to prevent the Irish Parliament re-creating the Irish Constabulary and converting it into a virtual military force.

A BAD LOOKOUT FOR SILVER.

The *Times'* correspondent at Washington states that an informal canvass shows that the majority of both Houses have agreed to the repeal of the Sherman Act for the monthly purchase of silver.

Congress will probably meet at the beginning of October.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, JUNE 1.

The s. s. Siam, with the homeward Indian mails of the 26th May, arrived at Aden, on Thursday, at 3-30 p.m.

SUEZ, JUNE 1.

The s. s. Shannon, with the outward English mails of the 26th May, left Suez, on Thursday, at 7 p.m., for Bombay.

PRESENTATION OF A SOUVENIR TO THE OFFICERS OF THE S. S. ERIDAN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 2.

This evening, at the Shipmasters' Club the Captain and Officers of the French steamer Eridan were presented with a token of admiration for their plucky rescue of the crew of the ship Glengarry in the shape of a souvenir, to which members of the club subscribed.

THE BALLADHUN MURDER.

An important clue has been obtained to the Baladhun murder ; the Calcutta police having put hands on a ten-rupee note, of which Mr. Cockburn was robbed. It was traced through several hands to a Cachar firm. The Assam Police have taken up the clue.

THEFT OF RIFLES.

A Mahomedan peon, lately attached to the K. C. V. R., has been charged with the theft of a rifle bayonet and accoutrements, which was sold to a Baboo : and also another rifle, which he was attempting to sell when he was arrested. The accused has been remanded till to-morrow for judgment.

CHITRAL NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 2.

It has been decided that Lieutenants Younghusband and Gordon will remain for some time in Chitral with a Sikh escort of fifty to sixty men.

A latest telegram reports Dr. Robertson's departure from Chitral, on the 6th ultimo, in good health.

TRANSFER INTO CLASS REGIMENTS.

Under the new reconstitution scheme the number of men desiring transfers increases daily, and only very few now remain, who have not been transferred to other regiments.

RE-ORGANISATION OF ARMY STAFF.

The final decision of the Government regarding the re-organisation of the Army Staff will be made next week.

THE KASHMIR MURDER CASE.

Mr. E. Parker, Registrar, Chief Court, Punjab, is the officer selected to try the Kashmir Murder Case, which opens on the 13th instant.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Military Department—Major W. Wilson has been appointed to be Assistant Judge Advocate-General.

The undermentioned Officers are admitted to the Staff Corps :—F. Samborne, C. Francis, C. Down, and T. Ormiston.

Leave has been granted to Colonel A. Turner, Commandant, 2nd Punjab Infantry, for six months ; Lieutenant-Colonel W. Shone, for five months ; and Lieutenant A. Limond, for one year.

The undermentioned Officers has been granted furlough out of India :—Colonel Talbot, Resident, Persian Gulf, for eleven months' leave.

Extension of leave has been granted to Lieutenant [illegible] Bateman-Champain, for four months.

Captain C. Jackson has been granted an extension of leave.

Colonel G. Hills has been permitted to reside out of India.

Furlough, granted to Colonel F. Wilson, has been cancelled.

Major-General Wintle, Bengal Infantry, has been transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List.

The following Officer has been granted promotion :—To be Major—Captain W. Young.

The following Officers have been permitted to retire from the service :—Surgeon-Lieut.-Col. McLaren, Civil Surgeon, Dehra Dun.

Marine Department.—The following Officers have been appointed to be Assistant Engineers :—Messrs. Nutter, A. Bolton, R. Bolton, and Ferguson.

Home Department.—The services of Dr. P. Gupta have been placed at the disposal of the Bengal Government.

Brigade-Surgeon A. Stephen has been appointed to officiate as Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, during the absence of Surgeon-Colonel Cleghorn.

The services of Surgeon-Captain Vost have been placed at the disposal of the N.-W. P. Government.

The services of Surgeon-Colonel Cleghorn have been placed temporarily at the disposal of the Military Department.

The services of Messrs. E Waller, R. Vaughan, and Captain R. Taylor have been placed at the disposal of the N.-W. P. Government.

Public Works Department.—Messrs. R. Nelson and G. Pelham have been appointed to officiate until further orders as Superintending Engineers, Burma.

Lieutenant E. Barnardiston has been appointed to the Public Works Department as Assistant Engineer ; Colonel H. Jarret will have the charge of this Department in Calcutta during the absence of Mr. G. Forrest.

Finance Department.—Mr. H. Groves has been appointed to act as Comptroller of the Central Provinces during the absence of Mr. C. Rivett-Carnac, on leave ; Mr. A. Anthony officiates for Mr. Groves.

Foreign Department.—Lieutenant J. Whyte has been recognised as Acting Consular Agent for Italy at Akyab.

Lieutenant S. Bayley has been temporarily posted as First Assistant to the Agent of the Governor-General at Rajputana.

The services of Lieutenant F. Waller have been replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

Revenue Department.—Mr. G. Gilliland, Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta, has been appointed to act as Second Assistant to the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India, vice Mr. C. Lines, officiating as Meteorological Reporter to the Bengal Government, vice Mr. A. Pedler, on leave.

Home Department.—The services of Colonel J. Brooke, Deputy Commissioner, Central Provinces, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

Rev. Arthur Kitchise, Junior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been appointed to be Senior Chaplain.

The Army Act for 1893 and the Regimental Debts Act are notified in the Gazette ; the Regimental Debts Act of 1863 being now repealed.

THE BIRTHDAY HONOURS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT).

CALCUTTA, JUNE 2.

The Birthday Honours List is issued as follows :—

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India is pleased to announce that her Majesty the Queen and Empress of India has been graciously pleased to make the following appointment to the said Order :—

To be Knight Commander.—Lord Roberts.

To be Companions.—The Hon'ble H. Birdwood, Bombay Council ; C. J. Lyall, Home Secretary ; the Hon'ble H. Colgstoun, Madras ; Major-General Walker, Director-General of Ordnance ; Colonel Hurlock Pritchard ; and Lieutenant-Colonel Howard Melliss.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that her Majesty the Queen and Empress of India has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order :—

To be Knights Commander—Lieutenant-General Thomas Edward Gordon ; Mr. E. C. Williams ; Sardar Assad Khan, of Khelat ; and Mr. John Lambert, Commissioner, Calcutta Police.

To be Companions.—Colonel Thuillier, Surveyor-General ; Surgeon-Colonel Hilson ; Captain Alex. Campbell, Indian Marine ; Rao Saheb Thakoor Bahadoor Singh of Ajmere ; Shaik Bahauddin, Wazir of Junagadh ; Veterinary-Lieutenant-Colonel Hallen ; Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel D. Cunningham ; Lieutenant-Colonel Milne, of the Burma Valley Light Horse ; Bertram Cave, Political Officer, Chin Hills ; and Dewan Aiyangar, Inspector-General of Registration, Madras.

The title of Crown of India has been bestowed on her Highness the Maharani of Mysore as a personal distinction.

NATIVE DISTINCTIONS.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the title of Shams-ul-Ulama, as a personal distinction upon :—

Jivanji Jamsetji Modi, Fellow of the Bombay University.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur as a personal distinction upon :—

Khan Sahib Saiyad Jamal, formerly Inspector in the Abkari Department, Bombay ; Wadherj Fakir Mahomed Umar, Jamindar, Labdarya Taluka, in the Bombay Presidency ; and Khan Sahib Jamsetji Rustomji, Head Assistant, Commissariat Store-Keeper General's Office, Bombay.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the title of Rao Bahadur as a personal distinction upon :—

Virprasad Tapiprasad, Revenue and Refund Audit Officer of the Bombay Municipality ; and Himatlal Dherajeram, Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department, Bombay Presidency.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the title of Khan Sahib as a personal distinction upon :—

Jamadar Kalandar Sha Khan Darasha of the Kathiawar Agency Police, in the Bombay Presidency.

Numerous minor Orders are also conferred on Native gentleman in other presidencies.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JUNE 2.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

4th Bombay Cavalry-Poona Horse—Major Thomas, Staff Corps, 2nd Squadron Commander 1st Bombay Lancers, to officiate as Commandant, *vice* Major Anderson, deceased.

12th Bombay Infantry—2nd-Lieutenant Scott, Welsh Regiment, candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officer, on probation.

16th Bombay Infantry—2nd-Lieutenant Preston, Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officer, on probation.

28th Bombay Infantry Pioneers—Lieutenant Brownrigg, Wing Officer, to be Quarter-Master, *vice* Captain Thomson, vacated appointment on promotion.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence :—9th Bombay Infantry—Lieutenant Melliss, Indian Staff Corps, in India, Somaliland, from 8th April to 7th September, 1893, on private affairs.

The services of the undermentioned Officer has been replaced by the Commander-in-Chief, Bombay Army :—Captain Atkinson, 1st Bombay Lancers ; Commandant Bahamo, Military Police Battalion.

The services of Lieutenant Mesurier, 6th Bombay Cavalry, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India for appointment as officiating Political Assistant third class, and Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent in Baluchistan.

FRONTIER NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 2.

There is a strong probability that the Khagan route to Chilas will be opened out.

The 23rd Pioneers will, at any rate, proceed steadily with their road-making up the valley.

Reports from the frontier show that the effect even of the little work done so far in Khagan has been most marked among the tribesmen not only in the Indus Kohistan but in the Alai country and Black Mountain.

It needs only consistent action in linking up Chilas with Abbottabad to confirm the effect already produced.

THE LOW RATE OF EXCHANGE.

The *Pioneer* hears from England that the remedy for the low rate of exchange, whatever it may be so far as public servants in India are concerned they will be brought into operation in the course of autumn.

A MANUAL AND POLO CALENDAR.

The Indian Polo Association intend issuing a manual and polo calendar, which will not only be a record of all tournaments, but will contain an official list of registered ponies. The idea seems to be an excellent one.

THE 43rd GURKHAS BARRACKS.

Owing to the river at Manipur having burst its banks and flooded the lines of the 43rd Gurkhas it is probable that the barracks will be removed to higher ground. Water was three feet deep round the hospital, and the patients were removed to the Citadel parade-ground.

A PUNITIVE EXPEDITION.

Captain Cowley's detachment with Mr. Porteous, Deputy Commissioner, is proceeding to punish the Kukis for the Naga massacre at Swemi. They burnt the Nongham village on the 24th, and are proceeding to Sangap and Hongpu. The Kukis took 287 Naga heads.

ENTERTAINMENT TO MR. INGLE.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

KARWAR, JUNE 2.

A grand public *fete* was held yesterday evening, at the Municipal Hall, in honor of Mr. H. Ingle who retired on 31st March last. The vast compound of the Municipal Hall was crowded to suffocation. Several speeches were delivered, and the proceedings terminated, after the distribution of *attar*, *pan-supari*, and a splendid display of fire-works.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, JUNE 1.

The City Line steamer City of Dundee left here for Bombay this afternoon.

SUEZ, JUNE 1.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Golconda left here this morning.

HONGKONG, JUNE 2.

The s. s. Rosetta arrived here at day-light to-day.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JUNE 1.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats steady.

Good Dhollera	3 5-8

The Manchester Market has been hardening.

2½ per cent. Consols	95⅞
3 per cent. Rentes	98½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108⅜
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	63 11-16
Bar Silver	37½
Exchange on India 30 days' sight	1 2 5-16

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—Total bullion, £26,100,000, increase £2,000,000 ; public deposits, £7,200,000, increase £200,000 ; other deposits, £30,300,000, increase £1,100,000 ; other securities, £28,500,000, decrease £900,000 ; notes and gold, £15,600,000, increase £1,900,000. The Bank's reserve is 42 per cent. of the liabilities.

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 12.

THE royal function at the opening of the Imperial Institute and the announcement of the Royal betrothal have been the topics of the week, obliterating all other interests of the hour—Home Rule discussions and art sensations, church conventions, and turf or stage forecasts. It would have been the irony of fate if on Wednesday, after rainless months, our climate had betrayed us, and in answer to the farmers' prayer had sent our long overdue deluge. But the star of royal luck was as usual in the ascendant. Queen's weather favoured the Queen's programme, and the glory of the pageant was undimmed by a drop of rain, or even a threatening cloud, so that the visitors from Greater Britain overseas had the pleasure of seeing us, lesser Britons, at our best—happy in the consciousness of the success of our national scheme, and doubly happy in having sunshine on its inauguration.

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The idea of celebrating the jubilee of her Majesty's accession to the throne by a permanent memorial, embodying the interests of the British world at home and abroad, originated, according to the *Times* with H. R. H. the Prince of Wales in the September of 1886, when, in the course of conversation, he expressed his views in favour of a scheme in which England and all her dependencies should co-operate. Thereupon, not only in general terms, but even in some detail, the outlines of the future Institute were traced out, and the Prince of Wales addressed a letter to the late Sir John Staples, the Lord Mayor of that year, inviting his assistance in the work of commemorating in some lasting manner the jubilee of her Majesty's reign. "It appears to me," said his Royal Highness, "that no more suitable memorial could be suggested than an Institute which should represent the arts, manufactures, and commerce of the Empire. It is nearly seven years since then, but the Prince's interest has never relaxed in the work, over which he undertook to preside. He has directed the various arrangements, and by his energy inspirited his co-labourers to push forward the undertaking to its successful conclusion this week.

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To-day, the result of his royal proposition is to be seen in the palatial building of cool grey Portland stone, occupying the site of the popular Exhibition gardens, facing a new thoroughfare, which connects Queen's Gate with Exhibition Road, and completes the quadrangle, of which one side is already taken up with the technical schools of the Guilds of London and the Royal Schools of Art needle-work. The design selected by the committee of management, which included such good judges as the late Earl of Carnarvon, Lord Herschell, Sir Frederick Leighton, Sir Frederick Abel, and Mr. Waterhouse, was prepared by Mr. Thomas Collcutt, who describes the architecture as a free rendering of the Renaissance, and, as the amplitude of the mouldings and the abundance of arabesque carvings show, it has a decided relationship to early Italian Renaissance, affording a characteristic example of the gradual movement towards the Renaissance practised in this country during the last two decades. What Mr. Collcutt calls the crowning attraction of the fore-ground is the great portal surmounted by the large square tower, and capped by a dome-shaped cupola, in which hang the bells presented by Mrs. E. M. Millar, of Melbourne, and designated the "Alexandria peal" by permission of H. R. H. the Princess of Wales. The bells, ten in number, bear the names of the Queen, of the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Dukes of Edinburgh and Connaught, and the five children of the Heir-Apparent, and swing higher than any other peal in the country.

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Of the details of the architect's plans, a great deal yet remains to be accomplished. The frieze over the great arched entrance will eventually be carved in symbolic designs, a seated figure of the Queen occupying the centre. The great hall now occupied by a temporary building will, when finished, be a splendid architectural feature, its dimensions being one hundred and twenty-eight feet long and sixty feet wide, with side aisles measuring twelve feet across. A marble staircase, with carved pilasters, leads to the various departments above—the library, laboratories, museums, and conference hall, which are intended to aid in the development of Imperial Federation. Adjoining the East Indian Court there will be a winter garden to add to the other attractions. The buildings are estimated already to have cost £280,000, to which must be added £80,000 to complete the great hall, the library, and the conference room. Some of this has been just forwarded to the Prince of Wales by the Lord Mayor, Stuart Knill, the balance of the fund subscribed in 1887, and the rest will no doubt soon be subscribed by generous donors like Mr. M. M. Bhownuggree, C.I.E., who erected the eastern colonnade connecting the main building with the Indian Section, as a memorial of his sister.

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It was hardly nine o'clock, when crowds began to gather at the different vantage points, and before ten the line of route from Buckingham Palace to South Kensington was alive with the various contingents arriving to swell the Royal procession. There were Chelsea Pensioners, Yeomen of the Guard, boy soldiers from the Duke of York's School, a company of sailors from the excellent, and various detachment of soldiers from the Colonial Dependencies and India—Canadian Volunteers, 1st Madras and 11th Bengal Lancers, Victorian Horse Artillery, New South Wales Volunteers, Australian Lancers, as well as squadrons of our home foot and horse regiments. Opposite the Institute, from one end to the other of Imperial Institute Road, a great erection—a magnified race-course or horse-show grand stand—was filled with spectators—the ladies gorgeous in the gayest summer frocks, the gentlemen according to their lesser opportunities resplendent in button-holes and bright neckties. Within the building the male element is seen to the greatest advantage. There are Indian aristocrats in æsthetic garments of every hue, Chinese ambassadors in radiant embroidery, and Japanese representatives in soft rich clothes of many colours. Then there are the judges in full toggery, the Archbishops in episcopal splendour, court officials in uniform, and ministers in all their glory. It is a striking spectacle—all the more so for the strange assortment of individualities that compose it, and the strange jumble in which they have been brought together—Sir William Harcourt's massive proportions overshadowing the quaint little figure of the young daughter of the Ambassador of China, while her little Highness the Ranee Sahib of Gondal looks a pretty Indian doll, beside Lord Salisbury in the splendour of official attire.

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The time seemed long from the moment the blast of trumpets announced the Queen's arrival in the building until she appeared leaning on the arm of the Prince of Wales and walked slowly to her crimson and gold chair on the dais under the crimson and gold-embroidered velvet canopy. Then when the echo of the National Anthem ceased, the Prince of Wales read the address on the part of the governors of the Institute. It had been intended, it said, that every class and race of her Majesty's Empire and Colonies should unite in the movement, and, in tendering to her Majesty with heartfelt loyalty the Empire's congratulations, their anticipations had been realized. Every part of the Empire had contributed to the memorial of a reign illustrious in the annals of history. By means of the institute, the different parts of the empire would know the special wants and requirements of all. It would tend also to develope the resources of the country, and the means of social intercourse, foster the commercial prosperity of her Majesty's reign, and stimulate technical and scientific knowledge. Then her Majesty graciously replied that she was pleased to know that her people in every clime and country expressed universal loyalty to her, and that she approved of the Institute, and trusted that it will be a lasting symbol of the loyalty and unity of her Empire. The Prince having Inserted the little golden key in the silver model of the institute, a close bell sounded through the building ; then a boom of cannon in Hyde Park and a ring of bells from "the Alexandra peal" announced that the ceremony was concluded.

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Next to her Majesty, whose love of seclusion and rare visits to London gave an impetus to popular curiosity, the interest of the hour was centred in the Princess May, whose betrothal has reawakened the public sympathy. It is not given to many young girls to have such hope of happiness ending in such sorrows and disappointments, and every one rejoices now at her prospects. It is expected that the Royal wedding will take place in London at the close of the season, and will be carried out in semi-State at the chapel, in Buckingham Palace, where Princess Louise Duchess of Fife, was married. Princess May has given general satisfaction to the trade by her decision to have her trousseau entirely of British and Irish manufacture, and her patronage and example will give the much-needed stimulus to home industries. It may not be in harmony with Britain's free trade principles to encourage exclusive dealing, but it is essential to give a helping hand to infant manufactures struggling for a footing, and the Princess May's kind thought will materially affect the prospects of trade, especially the Spital Fields silk, the Irish poplin, cambric, and lace, which will form the most important part of the Royal bride's trousseau. There was a suggestion of matronliness, if not of quakerly, mourning in the quite brown silk costume, which Princess May wore at the South Kensington ceremonial, but it was becoming to the Princess, who grows every day more like her pleasant, genial, energetic, mother.

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But if the royal gowns were quiet and demure, there were very few sad colours among the groups of spectators. The stand was like a bank of brilliant exotics, and the side-walks like a glowing summer parterre. Still, there is evidence of a reaction against vivid tints in the introduction of jet instead of colour in the manufacture of bonnet flowers, poppies having jet stamens, and even entirely black flowers being used in pure white hats without question of mourning.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, MAY 12.

SOME weeks ago I asked what had become of the Lady Guides. I had heard nothing of them for so long that I feared they were extinct. I have now received a little bundle of prospectuses and circulars, which shows that they are by no means extinct, but quite the contrary. Their papers present, indeed, every outward appearance of prosperity. They undertake all kinds of work, but especially they act as Guides for sight-seeing, Interpreters, and Chaperones ; they take houses or rooms ; they help ladies in shopping of all kinds ; and they execute every kind of work which belongs to these branches. And their office is 352, Strand. One additional branch I suggest with doubt and misgiving, because it requires so much reading and personal research on the spot, that one fears for the perseverance of the student—it is a historical guidance to the sights of London ; not so much the Tower and the Lions, but the real sights of London, viz., the streets, the churches, the buildings, and all their historical associations. Thus, take Thames-street. From end to end this street is crammed with history. Or take Fleet-street of the eighteenth century ; or the Strand of Queen Elizabeth's time ; or Westminster under Henry II. ; or Whitehall under James I. ; or the Cheapside of Edward III. ; or the Shakespeare Land of Southwark ; or the monks and friars of London ; or the Knights Hospitallers of Clerkenwell. In a tentative and very humble way I have myself frequently conducted small parties of friends round selected portions of London, giving a peripatetic lecture as we go along, which has, I hope, proved neither tedious nor a waste of time. Americans, especially, I have found very sympathetic, both with lecturer and lecture.

HERE is a Lottery story : A lady of "Quality"—this is a charming word—dreamed a number which was to turn out a thousand pound prize ; she accordingly came to town and endeavoured to buy it. The ticket was already sold, but she found out that the owner of it was a young gentleman, an officer of Marines. "The lady sent him a polite note, and offered him a premium of fifty pounds if he would be so obliging as to let her have the ticket; the young officer, like a man of spirit, waited on the lady, and presented her with the ticket in a gold box, which the lady with the greatest reluctance accepted, and at the same time promised that she would use her interest to get him promoted to a much higher rank than he at present enjoyed. Before he went the lady presented him to her daughters that were playing the harpsichord in the adjacent room. As he took his leave the lady gave him a kind invitation to come and dine the next day." The end of the story doubtless was that the officer got his promotion, and that the lady drew a blank. Observe, however, that the young man—who was evidently poor, because he was a young officer in the Marines, never an aristocratic service—gave the lady the ticket—a whole ticket, which must have cost him a great deal—in a gold box. How could he afford a gold box ? The smallest gold box to hold a lottery ticket would cost £50. Perhaps it was only silver-gilt ; perhaps there was no box ; perhaps it was only a half or a quarter ticket. The embellishments of the *raconteur* too often spoil the probability of the story.

The owl was a baker's daughter ; Ophelia says so. Why did the baker's daughter become an owl ? To punish her hardness of heart. Hear the voice of the Eighteenth Century Nurse telling the story : "Don't you know," she says, "that the Owl was once a Baker's Daughter ? And being one day in her Father's Shop, a poor Beggar Woman (she was almost starved, poor Creature) came to the Door, and, being half starved as I said, and having a great Mind of a Quartern Loaf, she begged very hard of the Baker's Daughter that she would give her one for the Love of God. Yet she was so proud and so hard-hearted to do it, that she gave the Beggar Woman nothing but hard words. Well, since it is so, said she, and I find your heart is so hard, I wish you may be changed into a Bird, and be so ugly that all the Birds in the Air may fly from you and hoot at you. And no sooner had she said the last words (I do assure you, Miss, 'tis true), no sooner had she spoke the last words, but the Baker's Daughter was turned into an Owl, and flew into the Woods."

With all the Picture Galleries open ; the Theatres—some of them—in full swing ; the betrothal of the Prince ; the opening of the Imperial Institute ; the wonderful weather ; and, if one may mention such things, the joys of asparagus and lamb, the season has begun, I suppose. I always like the Season, though it gives me a little more trouble than usual in refusing big dinners, because I like to see my younger fellow-creatures look happy. I say look, because I do not think that youth is really the happiest time. It should be, if the young people had their own way, but they have not. They want everything, and their money runs out long before a quarter of their wants is satisfied. The girls want dress, success, admiration—how much do they get ? The boys want success in their own line, love-making, feasting—above all they want, like the girls, admiration. Well, let the little dears get of what they want ! Under the shiniest hat, and within the longest frock coat : under the glowingest parasol and within the neatest of jackets—lurks the Goddess Discontent. I see her, everywhere, when I walk down Piccadilly and in the Park. I see her perched upon shoulder after shoulder. Let us try not to see her ; let us walk humbly along the wall and pretend that it is all real happiness and sweet content, and that everybody is pleased. With this make believe, WHAT a time it is! How the hearts leap up when the champagne corks fly ! How the flowers symbolise the happiness of the girls who carry them ! I hear the bells ringing, the music playing, the sweet voices singing ; I see the feet that dance as they go, and the rosy lips that cannot choose but laugh, and the eyes full of sunshine and of joy. WHAT a time it is for the young—this London Season !

Who was Kitty Fell—the Admirable—the Incomparable Kitty Fell ? She died at Hampstead somewhere about the year 1772. And these lines were written upon that melancholy event :—

Attend, ye bards of mournful verse,
And here in solemn dirge rehearse
Your grief : your sorrows tell.
Alas ! The pride of white and red,
The lily and the rose are dead :
Are dead in Kitty Fell.

How very short is beauty's hour !
A lovely, but a fleeting flower ;
And how could this excel ?
But, ah ! the canker worm of death
Destroys the beauty with the breath
And blights sweet Kitty Fell.

She was the tulip of the bed ;
Was with the rose and lily bred ;
Did with the violet dwell :
Oh ! She was Nature's first design ;
So peerless, perfect, and divine,
None equalled Kitty Fell.

To this complexion ye must come,
Though top of admiration's bloom—
Hark ! 'Tis the doleful knell !
'Tis the last summons of the grave,
Where sweet sultanas with the slave
Must sleep—like Kitty Fell.

LET us resume the travel notes of a little traveller. Not far from Glastonbury stands the ancient city of Wells, most beautiful of all the little towns in Somerset—that county of little towns. Of its cathedral I refrain from speaking ; first, because so many have spoken of it ; and secondly, because there are some cathedrals, as there are some poems, of which one would rather not speak. On the south side of the Close, but hidden from it, is a place which, the other day, I saw for the first time. It is the palace of the Bishop, and it is a veritable fortress. Is there, in the whole of Christendom, another Bishop's palace which is a fortress ? Durham Castle, it is true, formerly belonged to Durham's Bishop, but it is now the residence of the undergraduates. At Wells this fortress is defended by a stone wall, set with towers and bastions, surrounded by a broad moat. There is one entrance only, over a drawbridge and under a portcullis. Swans now float about the moat ; within the inclosure are fair gardens ; the south wall serves for peaches and apricots ; but the fortress is there, and on occasion the drawbridge could be lifted and the portcullis dropped. Did my eyes deceive me ? Is not the latter kept bright with polish and oil, ready for that emergency ?

Ten miles from Wells there is a bit of scenery which many people go every year to visit. Somehow—I do not understand why—no one speaks about it ; yet, if it were in the Lakes or in Wales, all the world would be conducted to it. If it were in France we should go a hundred miles out of our way in order to see it. If it were in Scotland it would be one of the inducements which invite the traveller. As it is only in Somersetshire nobody cares much about it. It lies in the heart of the Mendip Hills. This chain of singularly unattractive hills reminds one of Les Alpines—those mountains scaled by Tartirin of Tarascon—for they are long, arid, treeless ; they are divided into great areas for pasture by means of stone walls, as in Wales. Here and there are villages—like certain Yorkshire villages, the houses built of stone, with slate roofs, and no trees or gardens, or pretty things of any kind. Here and there are smoky furnace chimneys, for there are mines. Long ago a giant came this way with an axe. He chopped straight through and across the hill, leaving out wedges and segments till he left a winding gorge, narrow, with precipices on either hand. As one drives through this gorge, the precipices grow higher and more rugged. Presently we come to a place which is surely enchanted. For on either side rise the towers, the walls, the battlements of such a castle as Doré loved to draw ; perched high upon the hillside, tower above tower, curtain beyond curtain, bastion beyond bastion. It is a wonderful place ; it is King Arthur's castle petrified ; surely at moonlight one would see the ghosts of knights and ladies wandering among their ruins, gazing from [illegible] battlements into the dark depths below. These are the Cheddar Cliffs. I believe that the tripper goes there from Bristol in his thousands. But he is not critical in scenery, and he prefers the caves. But—dear reader—go there. Make a note for your next short holiday of the Cheddar Cliffs.

In the *Westminster Gazette* the other day appeared a lively little dialogue, in which a servant, on being engaged, demanded in her turn a reference as to her employer's character. Why not ? A servant runs many dangers in entering an unknown house. She may find herself under a mistress of harsh temper, suspicious, niggardly, fidgety, exacting, whose moods she must endure, or she may have her character blasted for life by that woman's malignity. But there are even worse dangers. She may find herself in the company of people thoroughly bad, lawless, depraved, and so may lose her character almost irretrievably. The mistress in the dialogue is represented as stricken speechless with rage. Well, but why ? I am credibly informed that no servant goes into a strange house, if she can help it, without ascertaining the character of the mistress from the out-going occupant of the position. You see, ladies, when you allow your maid to open the door to the applicant you give yourselves away. It is done in a few words : "A stingy devil. Horrid temper. Nasty, suspicious cat ; always prying and poking about. You won't stay long." Or, "She's a good sort, and I'm sorry to go. Wouldn't go if it wasn't to be married." Perhaps it would be well to make a virtue of necessity. The dialogue should have ended something as follows : Your name is Martha Rollingpin. Well, I like your manners, and if your reference speaks well of you, I will give you a trial. You will probably like a reference as regards myself. The cook who is leaving will answer any questions you wish to put. You will find her in the kitchen. And I hope, Martha, that the character, on both sides, will lead to a lasting engagement and to mutual esteem. *Good* morning to you.

Mr. Frederic Harrison, having declared his opinion in the *Forum* that the English novel is in a period of decadence, has been attacked by many. He now takes an opportunity in an evening paper of explaining that he did not mean quite that. What he meant was, "The age is not favourable to colour and passion—an age of colour, movement, variety, and romantic beauty will come again one day." Well : but why is not this age favourable to colour and passion ? It is as favourable as any age ever was—that is, every generation has its own colour and passion. But I deny the proposition altogether. There is colour enough in Louis Stevenson ; there are both colour and passion in Hardy and in Barrie. No living romancer, he says, "has yet achieved the world-wide place of being known and welcomed in every home where the English language is heard." On the contrary, I maintain that the popularity of certain living English writers is actually wider and deeper than even the popularity of Scott or Thackeray. I do not say that they are better writers—that is quite another thing. I do say that, owing to the vast extension of the reading public, a popular writer now comes much nearer than any of his predecessors to achieving that welcome of which Mr. Harrison speaks. No ; it won't do. Mr. Harrison, on insufficient grounds, maintained the Decay of Fiction. And it is not Decaying. Not a bit of it. Again, there is one little touch in Mr. Harrison's little apology for himself which shows how much he is behind the age. He says that he likes the wide American audience—"a public which, by the way, buys books as well as reviews, meaning that we do not. It is an old, old gibe. Doubtless it was true twenty years ago. To-day it is not true ; it is very far from true. The British Public does buy books—it buys books enormously. Not so much, perhaps, as it should ; but, from what I can learn, far more widely than the American public, who got their reputation as buyers from buying sixpenny pirated novels. In any case, it can no longer be alleged against us that we do not buy books. The proof is that the 6s. book (now a common form and price for fiction and for essays and biographies and reprints) is not a circulating library book, and that when it becomes popular the demand runs up to scores of thousands. Let us encourage the British public to buy books more and more, but let us no longer repeat the old sneer that they do not buy.

Again, here is another point for consideration. That books are bought at all in these days of agricultural depression shows that books are now a necessity. In hundreds of little towns where there was once plenty there is now tightness. I have caused inquiries to be made here and there. It is certain that in many places the farmer can no longer afford his comfortable ordinary ; that the lawyer has no business ; that the land agent might put up his shutters for all the work he gets ; that the doctor gets no fees ; that the parson cannot let his glebe land ; that the dissenting minister is starving ; that the private schools are bankrupt ; that the shopkeepers are hardly able to pay their rent. Yet books are still bought. When the book trade ceases, then—and not till then—I shall believe in the absolute ruin that hobby riders and philosophers have brought upon the country.

ARE OFFICIALS ELIGIBLE FOR ELECTION ?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The point referred to in your editorial, yesterday, *viz.*, whether officials are eligible for election to seats in the Council, is one of great importance ; but I think it hardly admits of discussion. There is not a word in the Indian Councils Act, 1892, or in the Regulations, which makes officials ineligible, or restricts the constituencies in the choice of their representatives. The restriction imposed by the regulations is a restriction upon the Governor's power of nomination, not upon the constituencies right of selection. The Governor has power to nominate nine officials and only nine ; but there is nothing to prevent some or all of these nine persons being the members elected and recommended by the constituencies specified in Clause 2 of the Regulations. The constituencies have an unlimited freedom of choice. And it is very desirable that this should be so ; for it is not at all impossible that there might be a constituency in which the only suitable person or at all events the most suitable person was an official. If he were declared to be ineligible, the constituency would be obliged either to elect an inferior and unsuitable representative, or remain unrepresented altogether. It is clear, I think, that the power of dealing with such a case has been deliberately left to the Governor, who, when the election has been made, may, at his discretion, and having regard to all the circumstances, nominate or refuse to nominate the person elected, subject always to the provision that he cannot nominate more than nine officials altogether.

It seems to me to be a very debateable question whether the Regulation of the Governor-General in Council, which prohibits the Governor from nominating more than nine officials, is not *ultra vires*. Clause 3 of Section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892, expressly provides that "*any person resident in India may be nominated*," and the Regulations to be made under Clause 4 by the Governor-General are only "as to the conditions under which *such* nominations (*i. e.*, nominations of any persons resident in India) shall be made." The Regulations are to regulate the *nominations*, not the *class of persons to be nominated*. That is a matter declared by statute. That there is a distinction between the two is very obvious.

I do not envy the person who has to determine the meaning and application of Clause IX. of the Regulations.—Yours, &c.,

June 2. X.

OFFICIAL returns of the accidents on Indian Railways during the nine months ending 30th September, 1892, show that the total number of accidents to trams, rolling-stock, permanent-way, &c., was 159 as against 134 in the corresponding period of 1891. The chief variations occurred under "Collisions between goods trains or parts of goods trains," 59 against 88 ; "Collisions between light engines," 32 against 18 ; "Goods trains or parts of goods trains, engines, etc., leaving the rails," 298 against 221 ; "Trains or engines travelling in the wrong direction through points," 56 against 42 ; "Trains running over cattle on the line," 1,559 against 1,520 ; "Trains running over obstructions on the line," 82 against 140 ; "The bursting of tubes, etc., of engines," 72 against 110 ; "The failure

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE Director-General of Railways' report will be issued on the 7th instant. It will contain an interesting analysis of the railway goods traffic of India, showing that three-fifths of the total traffic consists of six items only. The wheat traffic of last year was about 900,000 tons, a very large quantity, though considerably less than the abnormal traffic of the previous year. A curious phenomenon is that last year Karachi had very little share of the wheat traffic, but the Bombay-Baroda line carried a very large share.

TRADE in Pondicherry, says a local correspondent, is said to have about reached its lowest level. The roadstead is frequently empty for days together, not even a dhoney being seen. The coasting steamers of the British India and the Asiatic Companies, calling about half a-dozen times a month, bring in but little and take away less; the Burma boat generally receives a fair cargo of groundnut oil, but very little else, while the cargo to Penang and Singapore has greatly fallen off. The arrivals of ground-nuts both by railway and road are extremely light, but the prices still rule abnormally high, being Rs. 28-4 per French candy, at which rate shippers cannot operate with a margin. The stocks on hand are rather large, especially for the time of year, and freights are advancing, so that the prospects of the trade for the remaining portion of the season look very gloomy. Mr. Rau's unexpected large crop from Bombay has evidently had much to do in keeping down Marseilles prices.

THERE are some curious names, according to the *Boston Commonwealth*, among the numerous pensioners on the United States Government. These pensioners endorse their cheques at the various sub-treasuries, and at the New York sub-treasury they have been making a collection of queer names. Among these John the Baptist Theophilus Ploof has the place of honour, closely followed by Abel Cain and Anna Ketchbaptist. Among other singular names are Christian Canary, Brazil Pepper, Amelia A. Turnipseed, Adam Aple Pleasant Ladd, August Herzadd, Henry Free-cook, Birdsong Crow, Lone Liar, Fred Coldsnow, and Temperance Rumy. Three persons enjoy the Christian name of America, while Betsy Bump and Seneca Sly seem to indicate negro pensioners or else Indians.

A CASE of some considerable local importance has just been decided at Murree, the plaintiff being Messrs. Whiteaway and Laidlaw's Agency, and the defendant the owner of the house in which their goods were stored during the winter. The claim, which was for compensation for damage done to these goods, was resisted on the ground that the snow and rain of last winter were so extraordinarily severe and continuous that the landlord was not reasonably responsible for the failure of the house while it was impossible to do anything to in the way of repairs. The Magistrate, however, gave judgment for the plaintiffs, putting the damages at the invoiced price of the goods and granting an additional sum for personal inconvenience, together with costs. The suit apparently has been looked forward to as a test case, and it is said that there are a crowd of persons with similar grievances who will take this decision as a signal to make their landlords stand and deliver, or take the consequences of an action.

As the arrangements in regard to the appointment of Dr. Watt to the Imperial Institute have fallen through he is expected to return to this country in November next to resume his appointment as Economic Reporter to the Government of India, which is now held by Dr. Thurston. This gentleman will then revert to his own appointment of Superintendent of the Government Central Museum, Madras, unless the re-organisation of the Superior Staff of the Indian Museum, Calcutta, now under consideration, offers him sufficient inducement to remain in Calcutta.

THE cost of a 67-ton gun is set down in the last Parliamentary return on the Cost of Ordnance Stores at £10,336 4s. 9d., whilst if the gun is made of wire this is increased to £14,436 12s. 11d. The very efficient 29-ton gun costs £5,283 17s. 7d. to produce, and the 4-7in. quick firing gun £720 16s. 6d., which is increased to £1,175 1s. 4d. if the gun is made of wire. A 12-pounder field gun adapted to the use of cordite costs £353 16s. 8d., and the expense of producing cordite itself varies from 2s. 8½d. to 4s. 2½d. per lb. Of the Lee-Metford magazine rifle 42,407 were made at Enfield and 25,837 at Birmingham, and the price in each case was exactly £3 11s. 1½d., a singular result considering the different circumstances of the two factories.

THE weekly return of births and deaths within the Municipality of the city of Madras reported from 13th to 19th May, 1893, shows that births numbered 313, including 161 males and 152 females; deaths 357, including 167 males and 190 females. The births are classified as follows:—7 East Indians, 12 Native Christians, 254 Hindus and 40 Muhammadans; the deaths, 1 European, 7 East Indians, 21 Native Christians, 278 Hindus and 50 Muhammadans. The causes of death were:—Small-pox 2, measles 35, fevers 118, dysentery 29, diarrhœa 18, and "other diseases" 155.

THE subject of the enrolment of Parsis as Volunteers, writes the *Civil and Military Gazette*, is bringing ridicule on the S. V. R. Corps. If the Parsis can be considered in every sense of the term an "eligible body," then why hesitate in permitting them to join? The question is shelved now and again, only to be brought up at another opportunity, and so on without any ultimate result. Had General Brackenbury been here now, he, as a staunch advocate for the Parsis, would have felt greatly disappointed. If the Parsis cannot join, let the question be dropped for good, but if otherwise, then for the sake of their own chivalry and *bon homie* to the corps accept them with a good grace; but do not let the officers do anything which would coerce the feelings of the men in bringing about this result. Let it be a unanimous and willing acceptance of the Parsis, otherwise it would be better to allow matters to stand as they are.

CAMPBELLPORE was visited by a severe hailstorm on the 29th ult. The hailstones were in many cases larger than hens' eggs. A large number of windows were broken. One of the bungalows of the Heavy Battery was struck by lightning. Fortunately the quarters struck were unoccupied; they belonged to a sergeant absent on command. Two natives are reported to have been killed by the hail, and many goats and sheep have been washed away in the flood that followed the rain.

MURREE experienced a tremendous hailstorm on last Sunday about noon. The stones were about the size and shape of pigeons' eggs, but several were double and treble the size. The forenoon service was in progress, but all that could be heard of the prayers was the organ accompanying the Amen, whilst the sermon could not be delivered at all. The damage done to the glass windows of the church and some other buildings is considerable. In a few moments the roads were covered by the hail, and every water course became a torrent. The volume of muddy water being too great to escape under the road bridges, &c., found its way over them, and the roads, and the noise inside the houses caused by the beating of the hailstones on the roof was so great as to render anything less than shouting inaudible. The storm died away in about half an hour, and the afternoon became chilly.

THE demarcation of the Burma-Manipur boundary has been postponed till next cold season.

THE Inniskilling Fusiliers have won the Rangoon Polo Tournament, beating Mandalay in the final by nine goals to love.

A CEYLON planter gives his vote for high grown tea in preference to low, and says that he feels persuaded that the price per acre for all teas over 3,000ft. in Ceylon last year has been greater than that of all tea below that altitude, in spite of all that has been said.

THE *Statist*, commenting on the financial situation in Australia, appears to express the general opinion of business men when it says that depositors in the banks that have suspended payment regard their money, as well as the interest on it, as quite safe, and only locked up for a time.

WITH regard to the ministerial crisis to which we recently referred as having just taken place in the State of Bhawalpur, says the Lahore paper, the following particulars have reached us:—The three Syad brothers, Sher Shah, Commander-in-Chief, Murtaza Shah, the Naib Mashir in attendance on His Highness the Nawab, and Ghulam Murtaza Shah, the killadar of Derawar, whose house had for a long time reigned supreme in the State, were all dismissed the service, and ordered to leave Bahawalpur territory and get across the Ghara within three days. These orders were obeyed. It is said by the Bhawalpuris generally, who accused them of working not for the benefit of the State but for their own. They had, it was alleged, managed to secure the best cultivable lands in Bahawalpur for themselves, and the complaints against their maltreatment of the poor classes of people under their direct subordination or influence had become loud. It is also alleged that they were the head of the party which has brought about so many changes in the office of Wazir, for which, indeed, Bahawal Bux had become notorious. If all that is alleged is true, the people had reason to be dissatisfied with the conduct of the brothers. The new Commander-in-Chief is Mahbub Khan, a pensioned Rissaldar, formerly in British service, while the post of Naib Mashir has been given to Mir Mukarram Ali, a son of the Wasir Mir Ibrahim Ali Khan, and that of Killadar of Derawar to Jamadar Gul Muhammad Khan. It is believed that the crisis has no political significance, but our correspondent asserts that it is a step to wards the reforms which are essential for the better administration of the State, and that as

THE CYCLONE ON THE HUGHLI.

From the Sandheads upwards, the river Hughli was crowded on Monday with shipping inward and outward bound, that has been delayed during the past few days by the cyclone. The inward-bound vessels bring stirring accounts of their experiences in the storm, which appear to have been met in the Bay far to the South as early as the 21st instant. The S. S. Nubia, for instance, ran into the fringe of the disturbance on Sunday week when her log reports a moderate gale and a heavy sea. Thanks to the heroism of her crew, she was the means of rescuing twenty six men from a dismasted country brig. At 10 P.M. on the 21st the Shah-in-Shah, bound from Cochin to Chittagong, was observed to be showing signals of distress; and, manned by four British quartermasters, three of the Native crew, and the Chief Officer of the Nubia, a boat put off in the dead of the night, in the face of a heavy sea and a strong wind to attempt a rescue. Owing to the fact that in their panic the crew of the wreck omitted to lower the canvas which they had rigged up to do duty for a sail, the boat was unable to come up with the disabled vessel, and it returned to the Nubia, which stood by the brig until the morning. At daylight a second attempt was made, and with considerable difficulty and imminent risk to themselves the gallant boat's crew succeeded in hauling the shipwrecked men on board. It is curious—but in view of previous records of the kind scarcely surprising—to learn that, in the words of the Chief Officer, when the rescuers had everything ready to take the crew off the brig, "instead of at once availing themselves of the opportunity of saving themselves, seeing how we were straining to prevent the boat from getting dashed to pieces, they began to run about and dive into all sorts of places for their clothes, which they commenced throwing into the boat. And not only did they fling in their clothes, but all sorts of articles. I dare say you will hardly believe it, but it is nevertheless a fact, that one of them actually hove in a broom." They were rescued, however, in spite of themselves, and the courageous boat's crew brought them safely on board the Nubia. Another heroic rescue took place a few days later. In the history of the cyclone of May 1893, the crew of the Eridan will share with that of the Nubia the honour of pre-eminent gallantry in the cause of humanity. On Friday last the Eridan sighted the British barque Glengerry dismasted and with the seas breaking furiously over her. For some time the Captain of the Glengerry refused, in answer of the signals of the French steamer, to abandon his vessel; but after some hours, when his pumps were carried away, and there were seven feet of water in the hold, he consented to be rescued. The whole crew of the Eridan volunteered to man the boat, and the purser accompanied the rescue party as interpreter. With great difficulty seven men were taken off the Glengerry at the first attempt, but the Eridan's boat was so much injured that it was necessary to replace it in the second expedition, when the remainder of the shipwrecked crew were successfully brought away. Rescued and rescuers arrived safely in Calcutta on Monday. The story of the Shah-in-Shah and the Glengerry shows that when lives are to be saved, the sailor, whatever his nationality, regards no risk as to great, and sets no limits to his self-sacrifice.—*Englishman.*

MR. SPEAKER'S RULING ON THE "INSTRUCTIONS."

ON Friday, May 5, the Speaker made an important ruling respecting the thirteen "instructions" to the Committee on the Government of Ireland Amendment Bill set down by members of the Opposition to it.

Mr. Balfour: Does the right hon. gentleman propose to take the Committee on the Bill on Monday and after that de die in diem.

Mr. Gladstone: That is the intention—the whole of next week and probably the beginning of the following week.

Mr. Balfour: In view, Sir, of that fact, will you inform the House of your views as to the various instructions that have been placed on the paper, for your ruling would be of great service to the members of the House? (Hear, hear.)

The Speakers—I hope the House will bear with me a few moments while I state the decision I have come to. I have felt great responsibility in the case of most of these instructions, especially as I have come to the conclusion that the great majority of them are not in order. I should like to say that the principles which apply to and limit instructions on going into Committee may be thus stated:—First, an instruction must empower a Committee to do what the Committee is not otherwise empowered to do; secondly, the instruction must be supplementary to and auxiliary to the Bill and must fall within the general scope and framework of the Bill; and, thirdly, it is irregular to introduce into a Bill by instruction to the Committee a subject which should form the substance of a distinct measure, in accordance with usage and with the general practice, that is, that a distinct measure would be necessary in cases where a distinct branch of the law is dealt with. Having these general principles and limitations in view I come to consider the thirteen instructions on the paper, and if the House will follow me I will go through them seriatim. The first instruction (Mr. Kimber's) for the recasting of the British and Irish constituences would, I think, properly form the subject of a separate measure. The second (Mr. Parker Smith's) deals with the ad referendum principle, and this I need not say is the instruction which has given me most anxiety but I have come to the conclusion that an ad referendum in a matter of this Imperial importance could not be brought within the scope of the Bill by an instruction to the Committee. I know that the ad referendum has formed the subject of private Bills, and that ratepayers have been enabled to decide by their vote whether a Bill is to operate in a certain way or not. But this is a proposal to override the decision of this House. It is going over the heads of the elected representatives of the people, and to ask the electors whether a Bill of this great magnitude should apply generally or not. That I think is quite beyond the scope of the Bill, and could not be brought within its scope by an instruction. No. 3 (Mr. Bonsfield's) may, I think, be done in Committee without and instruction from the Committee. Nos. 4 and 5 (Sir G. Chesne's), which deals with the army and militia, are, I think, beyond the scope of the Bill. The militia is part of the organisation of the army, and both are under the control of the authorities of the army, and it seems to me that it would be an indication to the administration and to the authorities of the army as to how the troops should be moved from one portion of the kingdom to another. That cannot be properly considered auxiliary to the Bill. It is quite beyond the scope of the Bill and cannot be brought within its scope by means of an instruction. No. 6 (Mr. Beckett's) is a modified ad referendum. While I hold that a great Bill cannot be overridden by an appeal to the electors I am far from saying that in particular localities the ad referendum principle cannot be adopted; but in the case of No. 6 the House will observe that what is there proposed with regard to Ulster may be effected in Committee on the Bill, for Ulster may be excluded, as any portion of the United Kingdom may be excluded. That is a very different thing from saying that the whole Bill may be overridden by an appeal to the electors over the heads of the representatives of the electors. No. 7 (Colonel Bridgeman's) can be done in Committee without the intervention of an instruction. No. 8 (Sir R. Temple's) is so indefinite—(laughter)—that I cannot hold that it is in order. So far as I understand it—(laughter)—it could be effected in Committee. No. 9 (Mr. T. W. Russell's), following the principle I have laid down to the House, is a land Bill of the widest scope. (Laughter.) It cannot be brought within the scope and framework of the Bill. No. 10 (Mr. Heneage's) also falls within the same category. It is a reform Bill for the United Kingdom. (Laughter.) No. 11 (Mr. G. Bowle's) proposes to divide the Bill into two parts, and it is according to all precedent distinctly in order. (Laughter.) With regard to No. 12 (Mr. Jesse Colling's) I well say that Ulster can be excluded under the Bill. No. 13 (Viscount Wolmer's) can be effected under the Bill. Summarising what I have ventured to put before the House, I may say that Nos. 1, part of 6, numbers 9 and 10 will require separate measures; 2 and part of 6, referring to the ad referendum principle, 3, 7, 12, and 13 can be dealt with in Committee; 4 and 5 are beyond the scope of the Bill; 8 is not sufficiently definite; and 11 is in order. (Laugher and cheers.) I hope the House will believe that I have tried to deal with the instructions on their separate merits and without any preconceived opinion (General cheers.)

When the House went into Committee on the following Monday Mr. Bowles was not in his place and instruction No. 11, the only one that was in order fell through. The Chairman of the Committee ruled four amendments to Clause I. out of order, and the proceedings began. At the rate of progress hitherto made it is calculated by the Opposition that the Bill will be three months at least in Committee; but the Ministerialists hold that forty Parliamentary days are ample for the discussion, that being the period occupied by the first Reform Bill, which is the record up to date.

THE *Moniteur des Interets Materiels* says that statistics establishing the yield of petroleum during the last month of 1892 seem to indicate a gradual exhaustion of the sources in the United States. At Baku, in Russia, on the contrary, the production is very great and even exceeds the demand.

SEVERAL times of late we have heard rumours of disaffection among the Kossacks. Some days since it was alleged that the guard in attendance on the Czar himself in Livadia had mutinied. Those best qualified to judge distrust all news from Russia which is not sent by responsible persons—especially news of this kind. But we have an authortative report from Vienna that a Kossack regiment mutinied at Kieff some short time ago, fired on its officers, and stood a siege until the provisions gave out. Fifteen were killed and fifteen wounded. It is a common saying among those who would change the established order of things in Russia that their prospects will brighten when the Kossacks begin to move—meaning the great bodies from the Don and the Oural, for there are many varieties of Kossacks. And they live in continual hope of such a movement—not unreasonably. The organisation of these warlike races, both civil and military, is hateful to the Bureaucracy as to the General Staff. They are free, educated by comparison, intelligent, and high-spirited, equipped with their own arms, and even with their own batteries of artillery. Against the whole system Government has been warring for many years. If the Kossack did not regard himself as an hereditary master of his fellow-subject:—with good reason, too—he would have lost patience long ago. Perhaps, the Government has gone a step too far in its projects of "reform." If so, we shall soon hear more, unless it retract.

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THE STORY OF MRS. BESANT'S LIFE.

IN her third article in the *Weekly Sun* "Through Storm to Peace," Mrs. Besant writes:—The last year of my girlish freedom was drawing to its close; how shall I hope to make common-sense readers understand how I became betrothed maiden ere yet 19, girl-wife when 20 years had struck? Looking back over 25 years, I feel a profound pity for the girl standing at that critical point of life, so utterly, hopelessly ignorant of all that marriage meant, so filled with impossible dreams, so unfitted for the *role* of wife. As I have said, my day-dreams held little place for love, partly from the absence of love novels from my reading, partly from the mystic fancies that twined themselves round the figures of the Christ. Catholic books of devotion—English or Roman, it matters not, for to a large extent they are translations of the same hymns and prayers—are exceedingly glowing in their language, and the dawning feelings of womanhood unconsciously lend to them a passionate fervour. Take, as an example, which might be multiplied to any extent, the following extract from one of my favourite books of devotion:—

"O, Jesu, beloved, fairer than the sons of men, draw me after Thee with the cords of Thy love." "Oh, that I could embrace Thee with that most burning love of angels." "Blessed art Thou, O most merciful God, who didst vouchsafe to espouse me to the Heavenly Bridegroom in the waters of baptism, and hast imparted Thy body and blood as a new gift of espousal, and the meet consummation of Thy love."

All girls have in them the germ of passion, and the line of its development depends on the character brought into the world, and the surrounding influences of education. I had but two ideals in my childhood and youth, round whom twined these budding tendrils of passion; they were my mother and the Christ. I know this may seem strange, but have been asked to state things as they were in these papers, and not give mere conventionalisms, and so it was. I had men friends, but no lovers—at least, to my knowledge, for I have since heard that my mother received two or three offers of marriage for me, but declined them on account of my youth and my childishness—friends with whom I liked to talk, because they knew more than I did; but they had no place in my day-dreams. These were more and more filled with the one Ideal Man, and my hopes turned towards the life of the Sister of Mercy, who over worships the Christ and devotes her life to the service of His poor. I knew my dear mother would set herself against this idea, but it nestled warm at my heart, for ever that idea of escaping from the humdrum of ordinary life by some complete sacrifice lured me onwards with its overmastering fascination.

NUN OR WIFE?

Now one unlucky result of this view of religion is the indealisation of the clergyman, the special messenger and chosen servant of the Lord. Far more lofty than any title bestowed by earthly monarch is that patent of nobility straight from the hand of the "King of Kings," that seems to give to the mortal something of the authority of the immortal, and to crown the head of the priest with the diadem that belongs to those who are "living and priests unto God." Viewed in this way, the position of the priest's wife seems second only to that of the nun, and has, therefore, a wonderful attractiveness, an attractiveness in which the particular clergyman affected plays a very subordinate part; it is the "sacred office," the nearness to "holy things," the consecration which seems to include the wife—it is these things that shed a glamour over the clerical life which attracts most those who are most apt to self-devotion, most swayed by imagination. And the saddest pity of all this is that the glamour is most over those whose brains are quick, whose hearts are pure, who are responsive to all forms of noble emotions, all suggestions of personal self-sacrifice; if such in latter life rise to the higher emotions whose shadows have attracted them, and to that higher self-sacrifice whose whispers reached them in their early youth, then the false prophet's veil is raised, the poverty of the conception seen, and the life is either wrecked, or through storm-wind and surge of battling billows, with loss of mast and sail, is steered by firm hand into the port of a nobler faith.

DRIFTING INTO MARRIAGE.

That summer of 1886 saw me engaged to the young clergyman I had met at the Mission Church in the spring, our knowledge of each other being an almost ridiculously small quantity. We were thrown together in a week, the only two young ones in a small party of holiday makers, and in our walks, rides, and drives we were naturally companions; an hour or two before he left he asked me to marry him, taking my consent for granted as I had allowed him such full companionship—a perfectly fair assumption with girls accustomed to look on all men as possible husbands, but wholly mistaken as regarded myself, whose thoughts were in quite other directions. Startled, and my sensitive pride touched by what seemed to my strict views an assumption that I had been flirting, I hesitated, did not follow my first impulse of refusal, but took refuge in silence; my suitor had to catch his tram, and bound me over to silence till he could himself speak to my mother, urging authoritatively that I should be disinclined of me to break his confidence, and left me—the most upset and distressed little person on the Sussex coast. The fortnight that followed was the first unhappy one of my life, for I had a secret from my mother, a secret which I passionately longed to tell her, but dared not speak at the risk of doing a dishonourable thing. On meeting my suitor on our return to town I positively refused to keep silence any longer, and then out of sheer weakness and fear of inflicting pain I drifted into an engagement with a man I did not pretend to love. "Drifted" is the right word, for two or three months passed, on the ground that I was so much of a child, before my mother would consent to a definite engagement; my dislike of the future fatigue faded before the idea of becoming the wife of a priest, working ever in the Church and among the poor. I had no outlet for my growing desire for usefulness in my happy and peaceful home-life, where all religious enthusiasm was regarded as unbalanced and unbecoming; all that was deepest and truest in my nature chafed against my easy, useless days, longed for work, yearned to devote itself, as I had read women saints had done, to the service of the Church and of the poor, to the battling against sin and misery—what empty names sin and misery then were to me; "You will have more opportunities for doing good as a clergyman's wife than as anything else," was one of the pleas urged on my reluctance.

WHERE IGNORANCE IS BLISS.

In the autumn I was definitely betrothed, and I married fourteen months after Dance, in the interval, I tried to break the engagement, but, on my broaching the subject to my mother, all her pride rose up in revolt. Would I her daughter, break my word, would I dishonour myself by jilting a man I had pledged myself to marry? She could be stern where honour was involved, that sweet mother of mine, and I yielded to her wish as I had been ever wont to do, for a look or a word from her would ever bend my law, save where religion was concerned. So I married in the winter of 1867 with no more idea of the marriage relation than if I had been four years old instead of twenty. My dreamy life, into which no knowledge of evil had been allowed to penetrate, in which I had been guarded from all pain, shielded from all anxiety, kept innocent on all questions of sex, was no preparation for married existence and its new duties and awakening. Looking back on it now, back on it all, I deliberately say that no more fatal blunder can be made than to train a girl to womanhood in ignorance of all life's duties and burdens, and then to let her face them for the first time away from all the old associations, the old helps, the old refuge on the mother's breast. That "perfect innocence" may be very beautiful, but it is a perilous possession, and Eve should have the knowledge of good and evil ere she wanders forth from the paradise of a mother's love. Many an unhappy marriage dates from that first beginning, from the terrible shock to a young girl's sensitive modesty and pride, her helpless bewilderment and fear. Man, with their public school and college education, or the knowledge that comes by living in the outside world, may find it hard to realise the possibility of such infantile ignorance in many girls. None the less, such ignorance is a fact in the case of some girls at least, and no mother should let her daughter, blindfold, slip her neck under the marriage yoke.

THE POOR MAN'S LAWYER.

Before leaving the harbourage of girlhood to set sail on the troublous sea of life, there is an occurrence of which I must make mention, as it marks my first awakening of interest in the outer world of political struggle. In the autumn of 1867 my mother and I were staying with some dear friends of ours, the Robertsons, at Pendleton, near Manchester. Mr. Roberts was "the poor man's lawyer," in the affectionate phrase used of him by many a hundred men. He was a close friend of Ernest Jones, and was always ready to fight a poor man's battle without fee, and had been one of the hardest workers in the abolition of underground labour by women and little children. I was a pet of his, and used often to drive with him to office in the morning, glorying much in the fact that my skill was trusted in guiding a horse through the crowded Manchester streets. During these drives and on all other available occasions, Mr. Roberts would preach to me the cause of the people, and I was an apt pupil, though occasionally coming to grief when I reflected anything of the decorous Whigism which surrounded me. "What do you think of John Bright?" he demanded suddenly one day, looking at me with fiery eyes from under heavy brows. "I have never thought of him at all," was the careless answer. "Isn't he a rather rough sort of man, who goes about making rows?" "There, I thought so!" he thundered at me fiercely. "That's just what I say. I believe some of you fine ladies would not go to heaven if you had to rub shoulders with John Bright, the noblest man God ever gave to the cause of the poor."

RESCUE OF FENIAN LEADERS.

This was the hot-tempered and lovable "demagogue," as he was called, with whom we were staying when Colonel Kelly and Captain Deasy, two Fenian leaders, were arrested in Manchester and put on their trial. The whole Irish population became seething with excitement, and on September 18, the police van carrying them to Salford Gaol was stopped at the Bellevue Railway Arch by the sudden fall of one of the horses, shot from the side of the road. In a moment the van was surrounded, and crowbars were wrenching at the van door. It resisted, a body of police was rapidly approaching, and if the rescue was to be effected it must be opened. The rescuers shouted to Brett, the constable inside, to pass out his keys; he refused, and someone exclaimed, "Blow off the lock!" In a moment the muzzle of a revolver was against the lock, and it was blown off; but Brett, stooping down to look through the keyhole, received the bullet in his head, and fell dying as the door flew open. Another moment, and Allen, a lad of 17, has wrenched open the doors of the compartments occupied by Kelly and Deasy, dragged them out, and, while two or three hurried them off to a place of safety, the others threw themselves between the fugitives and the police, and with levelled revolvers guarded their flight. The Fenian leaders once safe, they scattered, and young William Allen, whom one thought had been for the chiefs, seeing them safe, fired his revolver in the air, for he would not shed blood in his own defence. Disarmed by his own act he was set on by the police, brutally struck down, kicked and stoned, and was dragged off to gaol, faint and bleeding, to meet there some of his comrades in much the same plight as himself. Then Manchester went mad, and race-passions flared up into flame: no Irish workman was safe in a crowd of Englishmen, no Englishman safe in the Irish quarter. The friends of the prisoners besieged "lawyer Roberts's" house, praying his aid, and he threw his whole fiery soul into their defence. The man who had fired the accidentally fatal shot was safely out of the way, and none of the others had hurt a human being. A Special Commission was issued, with Mr. Justice Blackburn at its head—"the hanging judge," groaned Mr. Roberts—and it was soon in Manchester, for all Mr. Roberts's efforts to get the venue of the trial changed were futile, though of fair trial then in Manchester there was no chance. On October 25 the prisoners were actually brought up before the magistrates in irons, and Mr. Ernest Jones, their counsel, failing in his protest against the outrage, threw down his brief and left the Court. So great was the haste with which the trial was hurried on, that on the 29th, Allen, Larkin, Gould (O'Brien), Maguire, and Condon were standing in the dock before the Commission charged with murder.

AN UNFAIR TRIAL.

My first experience of an angry crowd was on that day as we drove to the Court; the streets were barricaded, the soldiers were under arms, every approach to the Court crowded with surging throngs. At last, our carriage was stopped as we were passing at a foot's pace through an Irish section of the crowd, and various refreshment tists came through the window, with hearty curses at the "d—d English who were going to see the boys murdered." The situation was critical, for we were two women and three girls, when I bethought myself that we were unknown, and gently touched the nearest fist. "Friends, these are Mr. Roberts's wife and daughters. "Roberts's Lawyer Roberts! God bless Roberts! Let his carriage through." And all the scowling faces became smile-wreathen, and curses changed to cheers, as a road to the Court steps was cleared for us.

Alas! if there was passion on behalf of the prisoners outside, there was passion against them within, and the very opening of the trial showed the spirit that animated the prosecution and the bench. Digby Seymour, Q.C., and Ernest Jones were briefed for the defence, and Mr. Roberts did not think that they exercised sufficiently their right of challenge; he knew as we all did that many on the panel had loudly proclaimed their hostility to the Irish, and Mr. Roberts persisted in challenging them as his counsel would not. In vain Judge Blackburn threatened to commit the rebellious solicitor: "These men's lives are as much to me, my lord," was his indignant plea. "Remove that man" cried the angry judge, but as the officers of the Court came forward very slowly—for all poor men loved and honoured the sturdy fighter—he changed his mind, and let him stay. Despite all his efforts, the jury contained a man who had declared that he "didn't care what the evidence was, he would hang every d—d Irishman of the lot." And the panel allowed that he was not alone in his view; for evidence of the most disreputable kind was admitted; women of the lowest type were put into the box as witnesses, and their word taken as unchallengeable; thus was destroyed an alibi for Maguire, afterwards accepted by the Crown, a free pardon being issued on the strength of it. Nothing could save the doomed men from the determined verdict, and I could run from where I was sitting into a little room behind the bench, where an official was quietly preparing the black caps before the verdict had been delivered. The foregone "Guilty" was duly repeated as verdict on each of the five cases, and the prisoners asked if they had anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed on them. Allen, boy as he was, made a very brave and manly speech; he had not fired, was in the air—if he had done so he might have escaped; he had longed to free Kelly and Deasy, and did not regret it; he was willing to die for Ireland. Maguire and Condon (he also was reprieved) declared they were not present. but, like Allen, were ready to die for their country. Sentence of death was passed, and, as echo to the words of Allen, "The Lord have mercy on your souls," rang back from the dock in five clear voices, with never a quiver of fear in them, "God save Ireland!" and the men passed one by one from the sight of my tear-dimmed eyes.

It was a sorrowful time that followed; the despair of the heart-broken girl who was Allen's sweetheart, and who cried to us on her knees, "Save my William," the hard life to which we were condemned, no one could do aught to avert the doom, and on November 23rd Allen, Larkin, and O'Brien were hanged outside Salford Gaol. Had they striven for freedom in Italy, England would have honoured them; here she buried them as common murderers in quicklime in the prison yard.

It is interesting to me to notice that, unknown to either of us, my future friend Charles Bradlaugh, and myself—he as eloquent champion, and I with a young girl's helpless sympathy—were working on the same side in this quarrel. He urged that the arrest of Kelly and Deasy was illegal, and that they were, therefore, justified in using sufficient force to free themselves, and he argued passionately that the English people and Press should interfere to save the lives of the rescuers. Thus, in 1867, our thoughts were bent in the same direction, though our outer lives did not touch till 1874.

MARRIAGE.

In December, 1867, I sailed out of the safe harbour of my happy and peaceful girlhood on to the wide sea of life, and the waves broke roughly as soon as the bar was crossed. We were an ill-matched pair, my husband and I, from the very outset; he, with very high ideas of a husband's authority and a wife's submission, holding strongly to the "master-in-my-own-house" theory; I thinking much of the details of home arrangements, precise, methodical, easily angered and with difficulty appeased. I accustomed to freedom, indifferent to home details, impulsive, very hot-tempered, and proud as Lucifer. I had never had a harsh word spoken to me, never been ordered to do anything, had had my way smoothed for my feet, and never a worry had touched me. Harshness roused first incredulous wonder, then a storm of indignant tears, and after a time a proud, defiant resistance, cold and hard as iron. The easy-going, sunshiny, enthusiastic girl changed—and changed pretty rapidly—into a grave, proud, reticent woman, burying deep in her own heart all her hopes, her fears, and her disillusions. I must have been a very unsatisfactory wife from the beginning, though I think other treatment might gradually have turned me into a fair imitation of the proper conventional article. Beginning with the ignorance before alluded to, and so scared and outraged at heart from the very first, knowing nothing of household management or economical use of money—I had never had an allowance or even bought myself so pair of gloves—though eager to perform my new duties creditably; unwilling to potter over little things, and liking to do swiftly what I had to do, and then turn to my beloved books; at heart fretting for my mother but rarely speaking of her, as I found my longing for her presence raised jealous vexation; with strangers about me with whom I had no sympathy; visited by ladies who talked to me only about babies and servants—troubles of which I know nothing and which bored me unutterably—and who were as uninterested in all that had filled my life, in theology, in politics, in science, as I was uninterested in the discussions on the housemaid's young man and on the cook's extravagance in using "butter when dripping would have done perfectly well, my dear," was it wonderful that I became timid, dull, and depressed?

LOOKING BACK.

All my eager passionate enthusiasm, so attractive to men in a young girl, were doubtless incompatible with "the solid comfort of a wife, and I must have been inexpressibly tiring to the Rev. Frank Besant. And, in truth, I ought never to have married, for under the soft, loving, pliable girl, there lay hidden, as much unknown to herself as to her surroundings, a woman of strong dominant will, strength that panted for expression and rebelled against the strait, fiery and passionate emotions that were seething under compression—a most undesirable partner to sit in the lady's arm-chair on the domestic rug before the fire. *Que la diable faisait-elle dans cette galere*, I have often thought, looking back at my past self, and asking, why did that foolish girl make her self so foolishly? But self-analysis shows the contradictories in my nature that led me into so mistaken a course. I have ever been the queerest mixture of weakness and strength, and have paid heavily for the weakness. As a child I used to suffer tortures of shyness, and if my shoe-lace was untied would feel shamefacedly that every eye was fixed on the unlucky string; as a girl I would shrink away from strangers and think myself unwanted and unliked, so that I was full of eager gratitude to anyone who noticed me kindly; as the young mistress of a house, I was afraid of my servants and would let careless work pass rather than bear the pain of reproving the ill-doer; when I have been lecturing and debating with no lack of spirit on the platform, I have preferred to go without what I wanted as the hotel rather than to ring and make the waiter fetch it; combative on the platform in defence of any cause I cared for, I shrink from quarrel or disapproval in the home, and am a coward at heart in private while a good fighter in public. How often have I passed unhappy quarters of an hour screwing up my courage to find fault with some subordinate whom my duty compelled me to reprove, and how often I have jested at myself for so fatal an act of the doughty platform combatant, when shrinking from blaming some lad or lass for doing their work badly. An unkind look or word has availed to make me shrink into myself as a snail into its shell, while on the platform opposition makes me speak my best. So I slid into marriage blindly and stupidly, fearing to give pain; I trusted my heart out for a year; then roused by harshness and injustice, stiffened and hardened, and lived with a wall of ice round me within which I waged mental conflicts that nearly killed me; and learned at last how to live and work in armour that turned the edge of the weapons that struck it, and left the flesh beneath unwounded, armour laid aside but in the presence of very few.

THE North American Indians now number about a quarter of a million, which is believed to be about one-half of their original number. Will they go on dwindling till they exist only in the pages of Fenimore Cooper? Major Powell, Director of the United States Geological Survey, and first Director of the Bureau of Ethnology, is of opinion that we have, on the contrary, reached the point at which it may be hoped that the remnant will be saved and absorbed into modern civilisation. More than one-half of the Indians of these days are described as worshipping one God under the forms of modern Christianity, the other half being in process of transformation. More than two-thirds, moreover, now subsist by agricultural or industrial occupations, without Government aid. It is curious that, with the exception of some thirty or forty thousand, they still cling to the old laws and customs of savage inheritance involved in clan and tribal ownership, though usually in some milder form. Inter-tribal wars have wholly disappeared, and though there are some fifty thousand who may yet give trouble in a diminishing degree, Major Powell is of opinion that, as regards the remaining 200,000, all probability or even possibility of war with the white race is now at an end.

AN EASTERN ROYAL MOTHER.

ABBAS PASHA, the young Khedive of Egypt, has lately become a centre of interest observes a writer in the *Queen* and, while his boyish doings being discussed in the daily papers, the thought of his mother, as I remember her, comes vividly before me. "What is she saying? What does she think?," I am constantly wondering, for ever since I first saw the charming Princess Elmina Hanem in 1876 the warm interest she awakened in my heart has never grown cold.

It was on a cloudless day in July that I was introduced by an English lady into harem life in Egypt, and made the acquaintance of the three then most important princesses. The Court was at Alexandria, and I shall never forget my first drive along the banks of the canal to the royal palaces. The Eastern beauty of the scene was wonderfully impressive, the picturesque natives, the handsome, quaintly-saddled donkeys with their bare-legged, laughing attendants, the sumptuous dahabiehs by the canal banks, European carriages with gay occupants, stately Bedouins and closely-veiled women, a background of palms, bananas, and other tropical trees all blended into a marvellous picture, to reach in a charm of colour and contrast undreamt of in sober matter-of-fact England.

Arrived at the palace entrance, we were met by guardian eunuchs, and conducted up the wide marble stairs to the Royal apartments, and in a large, cool room we found several ladies (all with their dark eyes artificially blackened and nails reddened with henna), lounging on divans, smoking and chatting.

Tewfik's young wife sat rather apart, and looked so distinctly superior and attractive, that involuntarily I advanced towards her. With a graceful wave of the hand she indicated that a greater than she was there who must be first saluted, and on turning to follow my friends I beheld an extremely unattractive, elderly woman, squatting cross-legged on a divan, intently smoking. It was difficult to believe that she could possibly take precedence of the young Princes; but so it was, for was she not the mother of the heir apparent? raised to the rank of legitimate wife by Ismail, in order to secure the succession to his son Tewfik.

There was a sudden silence on our arrival, all eyes were bent on us, and we became the object of curious investigation. Our chaperone, well known and a great favourite in the harems, spoke Arabic, French, and Turkish fluently, and to her fell the task of slowly and gravely exchanging remarks with our hostesses. "These men's lives are as much to me, my lord," was his indignant plea. "Remove that man" cried the angry judge, but as the officers of the Court came forward very slowly—for all poor men loved and hono

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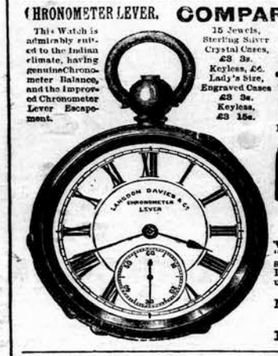

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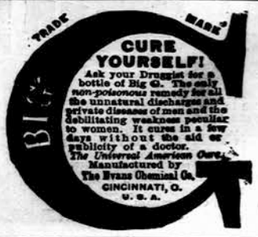
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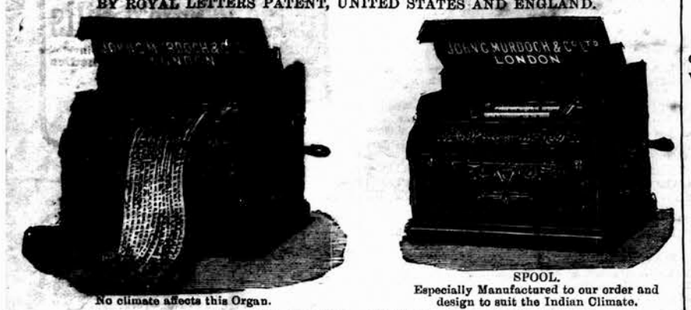

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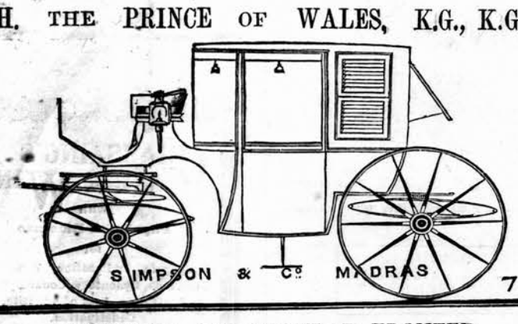

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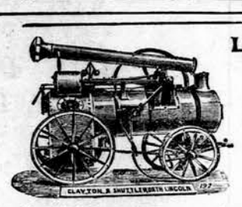

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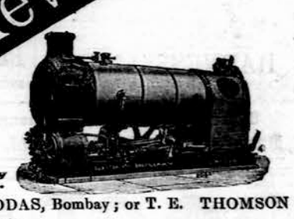

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